An Abridged Genealogy of Multiple Progenitors

Irvin May, 1850-Henrietta May, 1850

Daniel Bellamy, 1820-Abigail Bellamy, 1840

Cato McCray, 1850-Lillian Bellamy, 1850

Frank Frinks, 1850-Mary Frinks, 1850

1820-1940

Family History Book One—April 2021

Simpson Creek Township Longs (Horry County), South Carolina

Compiled by

David C. Wilson

Inside Front Cover

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Link to Book Two: https://www.wilsonconsultingservices.net/wcs_bellamy_book_2.pdf



The Bellamy, Frinks, May, and McCray Families Genealogy Simpson Creek Township Longs (Horry County), South Carolina



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April 1, 2021

All rights reserved. This book is for the use of tracing selected descendants of the following former slaves: (Irvin May–Henrietta May), (Daniel Bellamy–Abigail Bellamy), (Cato McCray–Lillian Bellamy), and (Frank Frinks–Mary Williams Frinks). Use of the information in this book for any other purpose, including but not limited to reproducing or transmitting it in any form or by any means—graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including printing, photocopying, recording, or by any information storage and retrieval system—without permission from the author is strictly forbidden. Also, using any information contained in this book for any private, commercial, or political mailing is strictly prohibited and constitutes misappropriation of proprietary information. Such unauthorized use may violate the rights of privacy and/or publicity of the families of deceased individuals listed herein. Furthermore, this book contains a unique format with concepts, diagrams, family trees, and genealogical flow charts that are proprietary. Using or transferring any material information, including all designs, from this book without permission from the author or his heirs is strictly forbidden and a violation of the copyright law of the United States and Title 17 of U.S. Code.

DISCLAIMER

More than 99 percent of the information in this book were obtained from federal census data, cemetery records, death records, obituaries, draft card registrations, military records, and so on. Although the author has made every effort in researching all sources to ensure that the information used is as accurate as possible, there may be some misspellings of names or other anomalies. Also, some names may be misplaced in terms of their relationship to their ancestors, and so on. The author apologizes in advance for any errors; however, the author assumes no legal responsibility for errors, inaccuracies, omissions, or any other inconsistencies herein.

Also, this book is not intended to be a reservoir of detailed family personal data. Rather, its purposes are to show degrees of kinship the insight into the time-line following a single line of descent from slavery to those born before and to 1940.



Dedication

This small piece of family history is dedicated to the memory of Irvin May and his wife, Henrietta May; Daniel Bellamy and his wife, Abigail Bellamy; Frank Frinks and his wife, Mary Williams, and Cato McCray and his wife, Lillian Bellamy. Your courage, heroic efforts, and faith during your lives as slaves and while emerging from captivity during the darkest periods in American history have strengthened the family. With the help and blessing of God, the family will continue to honor your memory by living productive and wholesome lives.



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^{*} The historical spelling for Frinks from slavery until the 1930s was Frink. we can only speculate that the s was later added as people started to pronounce the name with the "s" sound in the 1940s.



Link to Book Two: https://www.wilsonconsultingservices.net/wcs_bellamy_book_2.pdf

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Chapter 1

Introduction



1820–1940 Simpson Creek Township Longs (Horry County), South Carolina

1.1 Objective

This book was researched and compiled by David C. Wilson at the request of Dock May's surviving son, Franklin May, who was interested in finding out more about his paternal ancestors. The outcome of the research led back not only to Dock May's parents, who were born into slavery, but to the ancestors of his wife, Georgia. In addition to Franklin's interest, Rosa Frinks Knox, one of grandchildren of Luther Frink* and Missouri Bellamy, was seeking information on her paternal grandparents. Consequently, an abridged family history book was researched and compiled that shows a single line of descent** for Dock May's family and that of his wife, Georgia Bellamy. Additionally, the book includes the progenitor of Luther Frink, the husband of Georgia's sister Missouri. Therefore, four progenitors who were born into slavery were researched, and family trees, along with genealogical lines, were constructed for the following progenitors: [1] Irvin May, b. 1850s–Henrietta May, b. 1850s; [2] Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820-Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840; [3] Cato McCray, b. circa 1850-Lillian Bellamy, b. circa 1850; and [4] Frank Frink, b. circa 1845-Mary Williams, b. 1850s. The descendants depicted in this book who are associated with these progenitors are Franklin May as referenced above in [1], [2], and [3]; Georgia Bellamy who is Franklin's mother and her sister, Missouri Bellamy. Also, Luther Frink, who is the husband of Missouri Bellamy is associated with progenitor referenced in the above [4]. See Figures 2.1, 2.2, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 4.1, and 4.2.

Note: A *progenitor* is a person or other organisms from which a person, animal, or plant is descended or originates. In genealogy, a progenitor is understood to be the earliest recorded ancestor of a consanguineous (relating to or denoting people descended from the same ancestor) family group. Therefore, this book uses identifiable former slaves as the progenitors. The names of the male and female that make up the root family or progenitor are shown connected by an

en dash to indicate bidirectionality and equal weight or credit between the names; therefore, progenitor is used in the singular form when referring to the first generation or root family. Additionally, this book is based almost entirely on archived data that are available to the public and ninety eight percent of people who were born before 1940 with a few names of descendants born after 1940.

1.2 Description

This abridged family history book traces the selected ancestors mentioned in paragraph 1.1 back to the progenitors of the families of Dock May, Luther Frink, and two daughters of Joseph W. Bellamy and Nancy McCray: Missouri Bellamy (Frink) and Georgia Bellamy (May). The primary sources of information were United States Federal Census, death certificates, death indexes, selective service draft cards, and residency data. However, the information from some of these sources such as census data and certificate of death is only as accurate as the people providing the information. Furthermore, during this period many people could not read or write and thus were not able to accurately recite the birth year of each child and, in many instances, were not sure of their own dates of birth. These situations, which were common, resulted in the enumerator observing the person and estimating the year of birth.

This book follows a single line of descent for the following progenitors: [1] Irvin May, b. 1850s—Henrietta May, b. 1850s; [2] Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820—Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840; [3] Cato McCray, b. circa 1850—Lillian Bellamy, b. circa 1850; and [4] Frank Frink, b. circa 1850—Mary Williams, b. circa 1850. This means the histories of the other families who married the descendants are not covered in this book in any significant detail. In fact, the format used in this book would not be practical for a multiple-line family descent. For example, the direct bloodline from the progenitor for a male is indicated with a blue rectangular box, and a female

^{**}A single line of descent means the degree of relationship between persons who descend from a common ancestor. A father and son are related by lineal consanguinity, uncle and nephew by collateral sanguinity. For example, the progenitor in this book is the starting common ancestor for the lineal consanguinity concept.



^{*}The historical spelling of Frinks is Frink. In the interest of the current spelling, the surname will be spelled Frinks for chapter headings. However, the historical spelling associated directly with archived documents will be maintained.

1.2 Description, cont.

is indicated with a pink rectangular box. The nondirect line of descent of a person is indicated with an oval-shaped box with the appropriate color for male or female. That pattern is continued in this format for all family trees. The progenitors and descendants are shown by chapter except Chapter 3, which combines two progenitors.

As mentioned in the previous paragraph, there is a separate chapter devoted to each progenitor or sets of progenitors. The layout of the families follows a vertical family tree (top-down, progenitor at the top—see Figure 3.3). The intent of these single line of descent diagrams and family trees is to investigate and identify distinct single lines of descent from the progenitor. A single biological or blood line of descent refers to the kinship between an individual and the individual's progenitor. The progenitor in this book is interchangeable with the root family (the beginning of each family tree and line of the descent diagram), as shown in the family trees and line of descent diagrams. For example (Figure 3.3), the paternal progenitor of Georgia Bellamy May (b. 1900) is Daniel Bellamy-Abigail Bellamy, and her maternal progenitor is Cato McCray-Lillian Bellamy. Note: After Lillian's first husband, Cato McCray, passed away, she married Daniel Bellamy's oldest son, Stephen Bellamy. From this union, they had three daughters: Josephine Bellamy Wilson (b. 1887), Abigail Bellamy Wilson (b. 1889), and Margaret Bellamy Jefferson (b. 1894). Hence, Cato and Lillian are Georgia's maternal grandparents.

The family direct line of descent diagram (Figure 2.1) depicts the successive generations of kin for Franklin May (b. 1935), starting with former slaves Irvin May–Henrietta May, and progressing to the third generation (Figure 2.2), which includes the children of Franklin May and the children of his siblings. The chronological diagram in Figure 2.3 depicts the life story of Dock May to his death in 1949.

The single line of descent diagram (Figure 3.1) depicts the successive generations of kin for Georgia

Bellamy May (Dock May's wife) starting with progenitor Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820-Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 and progressing to the third generation, which includes descendants Missouri Bellamy Frink, Georgia Bellamy May, and their siblings. The family tree diagram (Figure 4.1) depicts the successive generations of kin for Luther Frink and his children, starting with progenitor Frank Frink, b. circa 1885-Mary Williams, b. circa 1850. Figures 2.1, 3.1, 3.2, and 4.1 show snapshot examples for a single line of descent. Additionally, the life story in Figure 2.3 depicts the life of Dock May, and the life story in Figure 3.6 depicts the life of Abigail Bellamy from slavery to her death in 1918. To recap, the paternal progenitor for descendant Franklin May is Irvin May, b. circa 1850s-Henrietta May, b. circa 1850s and his maternal progenitor is Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820-Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840.

1.3. Origin of Bellamy, McCray, Frink, and May Surnames

The Bellamy name, which is the progenitor surname used in this genealogical trace, is of Irish (Norman) and French origin and is from a nickname for a fine friend derived from the Old French "beu, bel," fair, handsome, from the Latin "bellus" and "ami," friend, itself from the Latin "amicus."

One of the second progenitor surname used in this paper is McCray. The surname derives from an ancient Gaelic male given name "MacRaith," son of grace, prosperity, or favour, from the Celtic. Here are listed variants in the spelling of the name: Maccrea, Maccraw, Maccree, and Maccrie. The variants observed from census data for this paper are McCrea, McCrea, McCra, Mcra, and so on.

The progenitor surname Frink is a name of Anglo-Saxon origin. It was a name given to a person who was referred to as being free or generous. Variation in spelling Frank, Franks, Franke, Frankes, Frenk, and Frink. Although the family spells the name Frinks with an added "s." Research did not find any historical spelling with this variant. The surname May is of



1.3. Origin of Bellamy, McCray, Frink, and May Surnames, cont.

Germanic (Saxon) descent and, independently, of Gaelic origin. Variations in spelling are Maye, Mayes, Mays, Meir, and Mei.

1.4 Spellings of Surnames for Bellamy, McCray, Frink, and May

Many African Americans who emerged from slavery in 1865 were given various spellings for the remainder of the nineteenth century before settling with the common spellings used today, namely, Bellamy and McCray. Although there are many Bellamy and McCray families, especially families with the surname Bellamy are not biologically related. It appears the various spellings converged by the first half of the twentieth century, and the families in Horry County settled with the modern-day spellings of Bellamy and McCray. However, the surname Frink did not change to Frinks in the family until the 1940s. For example, in 1930 Luther Frink was still using the historical spelling as Frink.

According to the 1870 US Federal Census, Daniel Bellamy, Abigail Bellamy, and their children's surname was spelled "Bellamy," which is consistent with present day spelling. Other freed slaves during that time frame living in the Simpson Creek Township (designation given by the US Federal Census) spelled the surname with Bella, Bellay, Bellemy, and so on. Please keep in mind that these were people who had recently emerged from a dark world where it was a crime to learn to read or write. To that end, the overwhelming percentage of slaves could not read or write; therefore, the census taker tried to spell the name phonetically based on the way the people attempted to pronounce their name. Another variant in spelling for the first name, Cato are Cater, Cadar, and C.A., which have been observed in archival data bases.

The historical spelling for Frinks is Frink without the "s" and the historical spelling for Maye is May without the "e." This book will keep the historical spelling of May without the "e," but will defer in a few certain in this book the current family common spelling Frink with the "s." Furthermore, descendants should exercise caution not to rewrite history by changing the historical spellings of their ancestors' names to fit today's common spellings.

1.5 Challenges in Researching African American Family History

One of the greatest challenges to research for African Americans is that the 1860 Census and earlier censuses did not list names of slaves. Occasionally, a slave master or slaveholder would list the first names of his slaves in an obscure place on earlier censuses, but slaves were not counted as part of the population by name rather they were listed as the number of slaves owned by a slave owner and broken down by age, sex, and so on. Hence, they were considered property. Therefore, African American families across the country are stuck with the 1870 census when trying to research their family history. A major flaw with the 1870 US Federal Census is that it did not list the relationships of those living in the household such as head, wife, son, daughter, and so on. The census tried to improve the situation by listing inferred wife, son, and so on a summary sheet for each family. For example, Daniel Bellamy, one of the progenitors for this paper, was listed on the 1870 census transcribed summary sheet—which is attached to the census data sheet—with Abigail as his inferred wife and several of his children were as inferred children. Subsequently, Daniel Bellamy and Abigail showed up in the 1880 US Federal Census as the father and mother of all the children from 1870 and any additional children born between the 1870 and 1880 census. This example illustrates the difficulty African Americans will always experience in locating and identifying their ancestors.

Although slavery has existed since the dawn of civilization, it is believed by many historians that slavery in the United States included the worst and most brutal treatment of slaves by any captors throughout the world. The US slaves were robbed of their freedom and humanity for more than 200 years.

1.5 Challenges in Researching African American Family History, cont.

In the state of South Carolina, birth and death certificates were not required until January 1, 1915; consequently, those documents were almost nonexistent for Blacks before then. Additionally, the state did not require marriage records to be kept on file until 1951, and divorce records were not mandatory until 1962. Those facts also have created a void when gathering data for a family history. In addition, during the archival research process, it was discovered that census data, death certificates, and death index files were frequently missing for many family members even after 1915, which hindered assembling a more complete story of the early lives of ancestors.

From 1865 through about 1920, it was not uncommon for African American males to leave home at a young age in search of work and never be seen or heard from again by their families. Those men often settled down and raised families; therefore, their children had no knowledge of paternal grandparents or even where their fathers were from. It is also not uncommon for a death certificate to list a parent's name as "don't know." For example, Lillian Bellamy, one of the main people in this genealogy search was, in some part, an example of this scenario because, being born as a slave, she was unable to share with her children the names of her parents. When the deceased never shared who their parents were, no one can provide the names of the deceased person's parents. Furthermore, on the basis of my research, death certificates imparted the least accurate information on date of birth for the deceased person. Often the person providing the information to the coroner's office had very little to

Abbreviations used in this book.

b. = birth
d. = death
circa = about
() = maiden name unknown

no knowledge about the deceased's age; therefore, much wild guessing was input into this vital record that can be off as much as 20 years. Dock May, one of the main people in this genealogy search, may have been an example of this scenario. However, he did tell his children his parents' names because his stepson, Woodrow May, was the informant for Dock's certificate of death, which listed his father and mother as Irvin May and Henrietta May.

To compile a family tree diagram, identification matching entailed reviewing certificates of death, military records, draft registrations, and tracking of families and names in the same home from one census to the next to find a valid match. In spite of variations in the spelling of names, ages, and birth years, the information was close enough that family matches were made within a reasonable degree of certainty.

It is my hope that this book will provide a starting point for those families who are descendants from the progenitors discussed in this book. Although DNA has become an important factor in family history research, it is impossible to use it alone to create family tree diagrams shown in this book without researching several archival data bases. DNA has a role but cannot replace the research required to be able to assemble the direct linkage of kinship back to slavery as shown in the many family trees and diagrams depicted in this book from archival research.

Enjoy the genealogical journey through this abridged book. ■



Chapter 2

Progenitor

Irvin May, b. circa 1848-Henrietta May, b. circa 1850



1820–1940 Enfield (Halifax County), North Carolina Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina Simpson Creek—Longs (Horry County), South Carolina

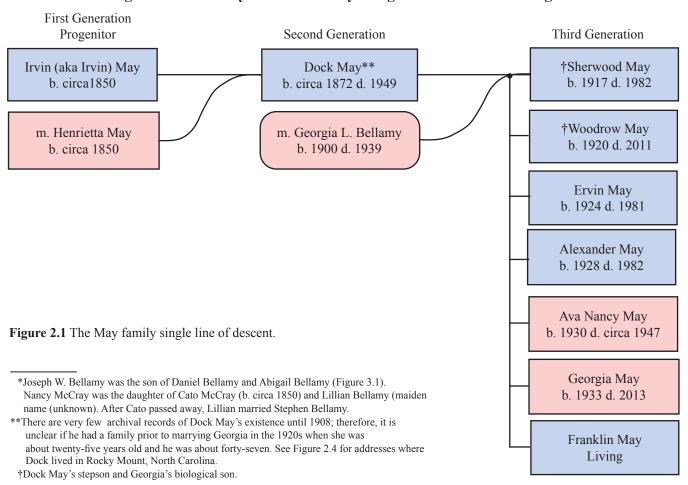
2.1 Single Line of Descent of Irvin May, b. circa 1848–Henrietta May, b. circa 1850

Tigure 2.1 depicts a generational single line of L descent of the root family (progenitor) from the first generation to the third generation of Franklin May and his siblings. Franklin May was the son of Dock May (b. circa 1872, d. 1949) and Georgia Bellamy (b. 1901, d. 1939). Archival research data indicate that his father, Dock, was an only child. His father was about sixty-two years old, and his mother was thirty-seven years old when Franklin was born as Ben Franklin May. His paternal grandparents were Irvin and Henrietta May, who were born into legal slavery in the 1850s. Henrietta's maiden name is unknown when viewed in the context of the time. It is believed the two former slaves (his paternal grandparents) were born in Enfield, North Carolina (Halifax County), where they married and settled after being freed from slavery. Dock May lived in

Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina, in April 1930, with his wife, Georgia, and children (1930 US Federal Census). The historical spelling of his surname is "May" without the "e." To preserve the historical spelling, the name "May" in this paper is spelled without the "e." Dock was born circa 1872. This book uses the 1880 census data, which provides the most likely estimate for Dock May's year of birth. See Figure 2.4 for places Dock May lived.

Franklin May's maternal grandparents were Joseph W. Bellamy* (b. 1871, d. 1949) and Nancy McCray (b. 1871, d. 1961). His, mother, Georgia, was one of six children and was thirty-four years old when Franklin was born. Franklin's maternal great grandparents were Daniel Bellamy (b. circa 1820) and Abigail Bellamy (b. circa 1840, d. 1918).

Progenitor Irvin May-Henrietta May: Single Line of Descent Diagram





2.2 Family Tree of Irvin May, b. circa 1850-Henrietta May, b. circa 1850 Irvin May* Henrietta () May* b. 1850s (slavery) b. 1850s (slavery) Dock May m. Georgia Bellamy b. circa 1872 d. 1949 b. 1900 d. 1939 Ervin May Sherwood May** Woodrow May** Alexander May b. 1917 d. 1949 b. 1920 d. 2011 b. 1924 d. 1981 b. 1928 d. 1992 Family information Family information Family information m. Byotha Leggett unavailable at time unavailable at time unavailable at time b. 1928 d. 2017 of publication. of publication. of publication. **Children:** 1. Julius May 2. James May 3. Ervin May 4. Ulysses May 5. Thomas May 6. John May 7. Othella May 8. Gertrude May (Lambert) Franklin May Georgia Bellamy Ava Nancy Bellamy b. 1935 b. 1933 d. 2013 b. 1930 d. circa 1947 m. Ruby Dozier m. Elbert Shuler b. 1935 d. 2017 b. 1934 d. 2007 Children: ** Children: 1. Wilbert Dozier Sr. (stepson) 1. Angelo Shuler (Martin) b. 1955 d. 2020 b. 1957 d. 2019 2. Cynthia D. May (Lewis)3. 2. Elbert Shuler II 3. Janice M. May (Vereen) b. 1962 d. 2020 4. Teressa May (Singler) 3. Harold Shuler 5. Benjamin F. May Jr. b. 1965 d. 2005 b. 1962 d. 1981 4. Janice Shuler (Hilton) 6. Lorrie May 7. James F. May

Figure 2.2 Family Tree—Franklin May's parents, grandparents, and siblings.

¹The provider of the information about Dock's parents that was provided by his stepson (Woodrow May). His parents year of birth is estimated to be about 1850. See "Gallery A" in this book.

²He was Dock May's stepson and Georgia Bellamy was his biological mother.

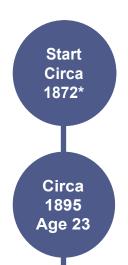
³Children names were extracted from public available obituary.

2.3 Life Story of Descendant Dock May, b. circa 1872 d. 1949

Dock May was born circa 1872 in Enfield, North Carolina. He was the son of two former slaves, Irvin May, born circa 1850, and Henrietta May, born circa 1850. So far, research has not located any siblings of Dock May. However, the genealogy depicted in this book makes every effort to present as much as is available about his life. It seems that he married a lady by the name of Lizzie Bellamy (maiden name unknown) in 1895 when he was about twenty-three

years old and she was about eighteen years old. There is no available record of her having any children and no indication of what happened to her at the time of the publication of this book. Dock subsequently married Georgia Bellamy of Longs, South Carolina, circa 1925 when he was about forty-seven years old and she was twenty-five years old. They resided in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina.

Dock May: Life Story



Birth of Dock May

He was born circa 1872 in Edgecombe County, North Carolina, to former slaves—Irvin May (father) and Henrietta May (mother)—who were born into slavery in the 1850s. Little is known about the couple, such as the number of children they had, when their parents were born, and when they died.

First Marriage

Dock May married Lizzie May (maiden name unknown) in 1895 when he was about 23 years old and she was about 15 years old. The couple resided in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina.

Census 1910 Age 38

Residence

Dock lived in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe), North Carolina. All available data indicate that Dock (38 years old) was married to Lizzie May (30 years old) and both worked in a tobacco warehouse as laborers. Dock and Lizzie indicated that they had been married 15 years, which would equate to a wedding date of about 1895. There were no children listed in the household in their census data. Dock was listed as household head and Lizzie as wife.



Birth of Stepson

His stepson Sherwood May was born August 15, 1917 to Georgia Bellamy in Longs (Horry County), South Carolina, and passed away in March 1982 in Longs, South Carolina. Sherwood's grandmother Nancy McCray Bellamy was the midwife who processed the delivery of the baby. *See Gallery A, Figure A.14*.

Sherwood May

1917-1982

Figure 2.3 The Life Story of Dock May, cont.



*South Carolina Certificate of Birth (Figure A.17).

2.3 Life Story of Descendant Dock May, b. circa 1872 d. 1949, cont.



Birth of Stepson

His stepson Woodrow was born on February 16, 1920 in Longs (Horry County), South Carlina. He passed away on February 20, 2011 at the age of 91 in Youngstown (Mahoning County), Ohio. Woodrow is interred in Abigail Cemetery in Longs (Horry County), South Carolina. Dock was working in a tobacco warehouse and was listed in the 1920 Rocky Mount City Directory. The 1920 directory did not include Georgia along with Dock in the listing. However, the directory included Georgia in their 1925 list of residents. When Dock passed away in 1949, Woodrow was the family informant for Dock's certificate of death and he listed Dock's parents who were former slaves on his certificate of death as Irvin May and Henrietta May. The surname "May" appears to be the surname they used during and after their freedom from slavery in 1865 (Thirteenth Amendment of the US Constitution). Woodrow worked in the steel industry.

Woodrow May

1920-2011

Census 1920 Age 48

Second Marriage

Dock May married Georgia Bellamy between 1920 and 1925 when he was about 50 and she was about 20 years old. The couple resided in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe), North Carolina. Dock was working in a tobacco warehouse as a laborer. It is not clear from research data whether Lizzie passed away or the couple separated or divorced. No further information on Lizzie May was located in the archives. Accordingly to periodical publications of the Rocky Mount Directory from 1908–1934, Dock May lived in the Rocky Mount North Carolina area until the early 1930s when he moved his family to Horry County, South Carolina. *It appears that Dock met Georgia after her first two sons were born, but raised all of her children as his own*.

1925** Age 53

Birth of Son

His son Ervin May was born on January 14, 1925 in Longs (Horry County), South Carolina. He passed away on May 3, 1981 at the age of 56 in Youngstown (Mahoning County), Ohio. He is interred in Tod Homestead Cemetery in Youngstown (Mahoning County), Ohio. Ervin served in the US Navy (1944–1946). It is believed that after Ervin was born in early 1925 in Longs, South Carolina, Georgia and the three children moved to Rocky Mount, North Carolina to join Dock. Judging from various years of publication of the Rocky Mount City Directory, Dock always had an address in the city and worked in a tobacco warehouse. In 1925, the couple was living at 325 NE Main Street, Rocky Mount, North Carolina (Figure 2.4).

Ervin May 1925–1981

cont.

Figure 2.3 The Life Story of Dock May, cont.



^{*}Rocky Mount City Directory (1920), North Carolina (Figure A.11).

^{**}Rocky Mount City Directory (1925), North Carolina (Figure A.12).

2.3 Life Story of Descendant Dock May, b. circa 1872 d. 1949, cont.



Birth of Son

His son Alexander May was born on May 5, 1927 in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. Alexander passed away from unspecified injuries on April 23, 1992 at the age of 64 in Youngstown (Mahoning County), Ohio and is interred in Tod Homestead Cemetery in Youngstown (Mahoning County), Ohio. Starting in 1925, the Rocky Mount City Directory (1925) listed Georgia's name along with Dock's name for the first time. There is no available information on exactly when Dock moved the family from South Carolina back to his home in Rocky Mount, North Carolina. Dock was listed as a laborer and Georgia was listed a laundress in the directory. Alexander was an automobile mechanic. Alexander served in the US Army from 1946 to 1947.

Alexander May

1927-1992

Census 1930 Age 58

1930

Age 60

Residence

Dock lived in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. He worked as a lineman in a tobacco warehouse. Georgia was listed as Dock's spouse and four children lived in the household using the surname "May." They were Sherwood, Woodrow, Ervin, and Alexander. According to the 1930 US Federal Census.

Birth of DaughterDock's daughter, Av

Dock's daughter, Ava Nancy was born November 19, 1930 in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. Nancy was killed in an automobile accident circa 1947 in South Carolina.

Ava Nancy May**
1930–circa 1947



Birth of Daughter

His daughter, Georgia L., was born December 1, 1933 in Longs (Horry County), South Carolina. Georgia Bellamy Shuler passed away on July 18, 2013 at the age of 80 in Youngstown (Mahoning County) Ohio. She and her husband, Elbert Shuler, lived in Marion County in the 1950s before relocating to Youngstown, Ohio. Georgia and her husband ultimately were blessed with five children. See Figure 2.2.

Georgia L. Bellamy Shuler

1933-2013



Birth of Son

His son, Benjamin Franklin May was born in 1935 in Simpson Creek Township (Horry County), South Carolina.

Benjamin Franklin May Sr.

Living

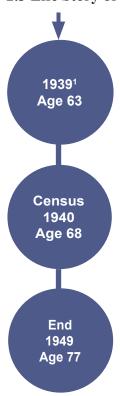
Figure 2.3 The Life Story of Dock May, cont.

^{**}The 1940 US Federal Census list the name as Nancy, but her birth record list her as "Ava May." Perhaps, the name was a combination of both Ava Nancy May). Reference: Index to Vital Statistics, Edgecombe County, NC.



^{*}Ohio Security Death Index and Rocky Mount City Directory (North Carolina).

2.3 Life Story of Descendant Dock May, b. circa 1872 d. 1949, cont.



Death of Wife

Dock May's wife, Georgia Bellamy May, passed away at the age of 38 on January 9, 1939 due to an intestinal obstruction. She is interred in Abigail Cemetery, Longs, South Carolina.

Georgia L. Bellamy Shuler

1901-1939

Residence

Dock was living in Simpson Creek (Horry County), South Carolina. He was a farm worker in the Longs area. The children in the home were Woodrow May, 20; Ervin May, 15; Alexander May, 13; Ava Nancy May, 10; Georgia L. May, 7; and Franklin May, 5. Sherwood resided in the household with his grandmother Nancy Bellamy. (b.1871) in 1940.

Death of Dock May¹

Dock passed away on September 16, 1949, at about 77 years old. He was living in Simpson Creek (Horry County), South Carolina, and was a farm worker in the Longs area. He died on September 16, 1949, from complications of old age coupled with cardiac arrest. The only identifiable child of Irvin and Henrietta May was Dock May. There is no indication that he used any name than Dock May and occasionally Doctor May.

Figure 2.3 The Life Story of Dock May

2.4 Chronological Addresses of Dock May, b. circa 1872 d. 1949

The flowchart in Figure 2.4 depicts the addresses where Dock May lived from 1908 through 1940. We speculate that Dock might have lived in Horry County, South Carolina for a brief period of time

before returning to Rocky Mount North Carolina with his new wife Georgia in 1925 and step children and new born son Ervin.²

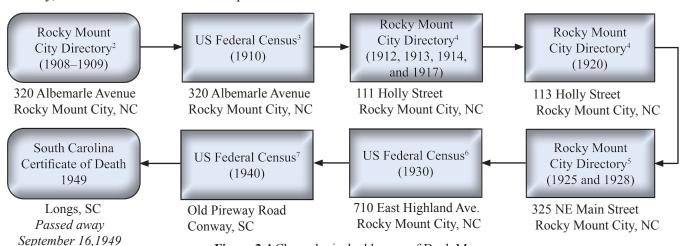


Figure 2.4 Chronological addresses of Dock May.



¹South Carolina Certificate of Death.

²Only Dock May's name is shown in Rocky Mount City Directory (1908–1909), North Carolina.

³Lizzie May is listed as Dock's spouse in the 1910 US Federal Census.

Only Dock May's name is shown in Rocky Mount City Directory (1920), NC. These directories are not on line: 1921 through 1924.

⁵Dock's wife Georgia is shown in the household with him in the Rocky Mount City Directory (1925), North Carolina.

^{&#}x27;Dock's wife Georgia and the four children who were born before the 1930 census. Ava Nancy May was born

in Rocky Mount City, NC on November 19, 1930, a few months after the census was completed.

⁷Six of the seven children were in the household with Dock. His wife Georgia passed away in 1939.

Chapter 3

Progenitors

Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820–Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 Cato McCray, b. circa 1850–Lillian Bellamy, b. circa 1850



1820–1940 Simpson Creek Township Longs (Horry County), South Carolina

3.1 Single Line of Descent for Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820-Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840

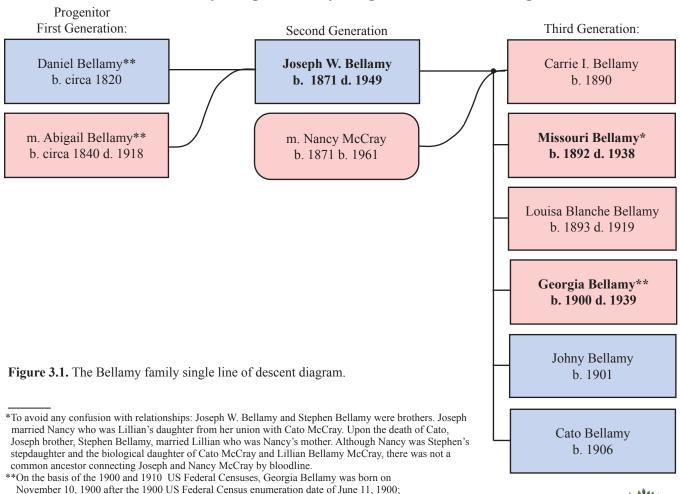
The diagram in Figure 3.1 depicts the single line of descent for Missouri and Georgia, who are the daughters of Joseph W. Bellamy and Nancy McCray. When Joseph W. Bellamy was born in April 1869 in South Carolina, his father, Daniel, was fifty-two (Joseph was the ninth of fifteen children), and his mother, Abigail, was about twenty-nine. Joseph's father, Daniel, was about thirty-seven when his first child, Stephen (a.k.a. Phebe) Bellamy, was born circa 1856 when his wife, Abigail, was about sixteen years old, so it is most likely Daniel had a previous family before Abigail because of the age gap. The mortality rate was extremely high for slaves, or he could have been sold from a previous family.

When Missouri Bellamy was born in February 1892 in South Carolina, her father, Joseph, was twenty-three, and her mother, Nancy, was twenty-one.* She

married Luther Frink in 1909, and the couple was blessed with eight (8) surviving children. The couple resided and raised their children in Horry County, South Carolina. Missouri died on June 4, 1938, in Horry, South Carolina, at the age of forty-six. She is interred in Abigail Cemetery in Longs, South Carolina.

When Georgia Bellamy* was born on November 10, 1900, in South Carolina, her father was twenty-nine, and her mother was twenty-nine. Georgia married Dock May (circa 1925) of Rocky Mount, North Carolina (Edgecombe County). Georgia and Dock were blessed with six (6) surviving children, including two stepchildren. The couple resided in Rocky Mount before moving to Horry County in the early 1930s. She died on January 9, 1939, in Horry County, South Carolina, at the age of thirty-eight. She is interred in Abigail Cemetery in Longs, South Carolina.

Daniel Bellamy-Abigail Bellamy: Single Line of Descent Diagram



therefore, she was not listed in the 1900 US Federal Census.

3.2 Single Line of Descent for Cato McCray, b. circa 1850–Lillian Bellamy, b. circa 1850

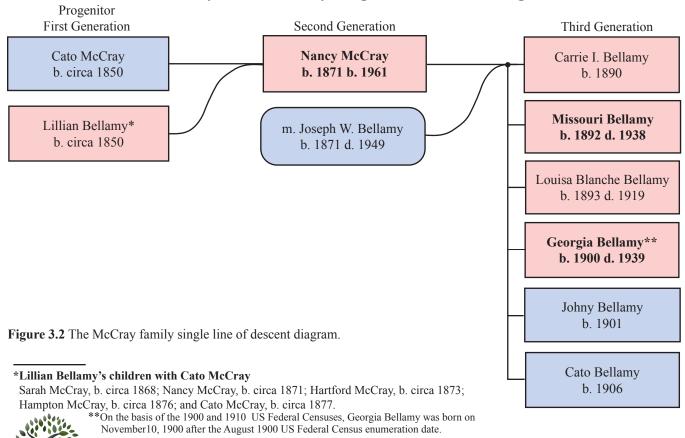
The diagram in Figure 3.2 shows the single line of L descent for Missouri and Georgia, who are the daughters of Nancy McCray and Joseph W. Bellamy. Their mother, Nancy McCray, was one of five children from Cato McCray and Lillian McCray. When Nancy McCray was born in April 1871 in South Carolina, her father, Cato, was twenty-one, and her mother, Lillian (aka Lillie), was twenty-one. Lillian was born in July 1850 in South Carolina. Nancy's mother, Lillian, had three sons and two daughters with Cato McCray.* After Cato passed away, Lillian married Stephen Bellamy, who was born circa 1856 and who was the son of Daniel Bellamy and Abigail Bellamy. From her second marriage, Lillian and Stephen had three children together: Josephine Bellamy (m. William L. Wilson), Abigail Bellamy (m. Jacob Wilson), and Margaret Bellamy (m. John Jefferson).

When Missouri Bellamy was born in February 1892 in South Carolina, her mother, Nancy, was twenty-one, and her father, Joseph, was twenty-one. She was

blessed with eight (8) surviving children with Luther Frink. The couple resided and raised their children in Horry County, South Carolina. Missouri died on June 4, 1938, in Horry, South Carolina, at the age of forty-six. She is interred in Abigail Cemetery, Longs South Carolina, which was named after her grandmother, Abigail Bellamy.

When Georgia Bellamy** was born on November 10, 1900, in South Carolina, her mother, Nancy, was twenty, and her father was twenty. Georgia married Dock May (circa 1924) of Rocky Mount, North Carolina (Edgecombe County). The family were blessed with six (6) surviving children. The couple resided in Rocky Mount before moving to Horry County in the early 1930s. She died on January 9, 1939, in Horry County, South Carolina, at the age of thirty-eight. She is interred in Abigail Cemetery in Longs, South Carolina, which was named for her grandmother, Abigail Bellamy.

Cato McCray-Lillian Bellamy: Single Line of Descent Diagram



3.3 Family Tree for Daniel Bellamy-Abigail Bellamy and Cato McCray-Lillian Bellamy

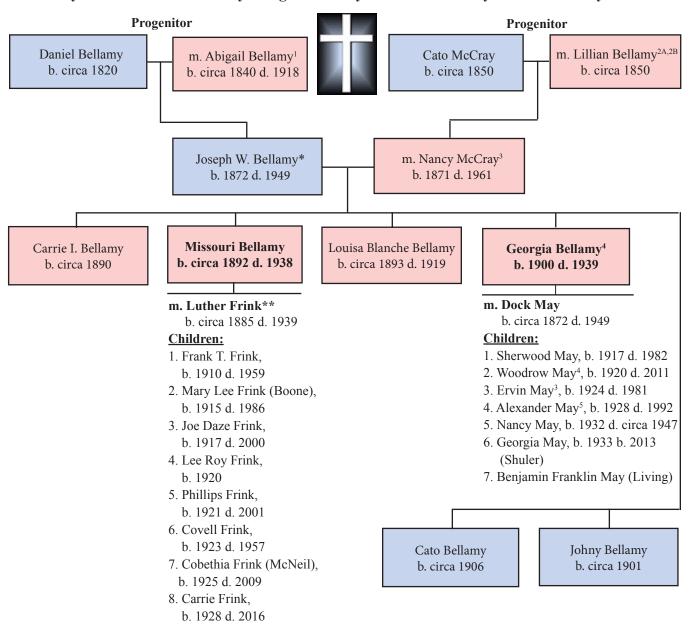


Figure 3.3 Family Tree—Progenitors Bellamy and McCray.

9. John Frink, b. Apr 5, 1930 d. Sep 5, 1930

Nancy McCray, b. 1871 Hartford McCray, b. 1873

Hampton McCray, b. 1876

Cato McCray, b. 1877

^{2B}Lillian Bellamy's children from Stephen Bellamy (Figure 3.5) Josephine Bellamy (Wilson), Abigail Bellamy (Wilson), and Margaret Bellamy, (Jefferson).

³She worked tireless for many years as a midwife (Longs/Red Bluff area), South Carolina.

⁴On the basis of the 1900 and 1910 US Census Georgia Bellamy was born in November 10, 1900 after the August 1900 US Federal Census enumeration date. Hence, she was born in 1900 and not 1898. The accuracy of a certificate of death depends on the informant or person providing information on the deceased. The misplacing of year of birth was not uncommon in the African American community during this time. Therefore, she was 38 years old when she passed away in 1939.

⁵He lived in Youngstown, Ohio at time of death.

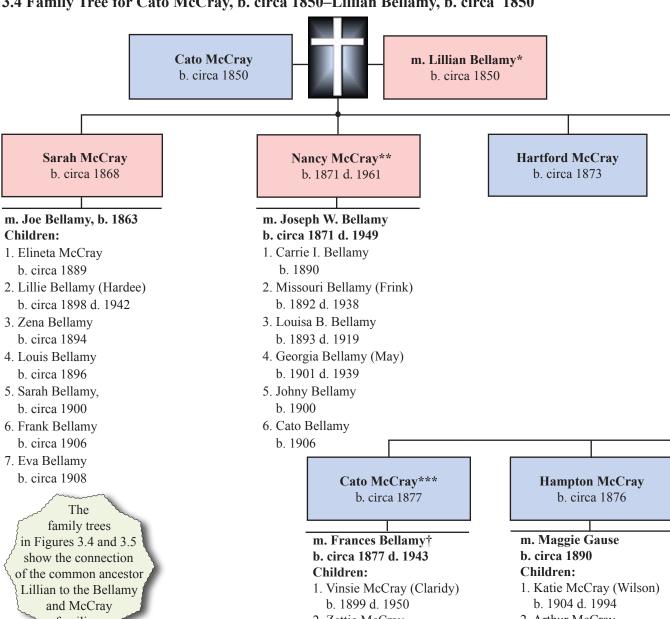
*Joseph married (Nancy McCray) who was the daughter of his brother's wife, Lillian Bellamy.

¹She was a midwife. Only daughters Missouri and Georgia children are shown in the above family tree. Hence, this is an abridged book.

^{2A}Lillian Bellamy's children from Cato McCray (See Figure 3.4) Sarah McCray, b. 1868

^{**}See Figures 4.1 and 4.2 for his progenitor.

3.4 Family Tree for Cato McCray, b. circa 1850–Lillian Bellamy, b. circa 1850



families.

- 2. Zettie McCray b. 1903
- 3. Beulah McCray b. 1908 d. 1984
- 4. Lelia McCray (Bellamy) b. 1911 d. 1967
- 5. Kato McCray b. 1914 d. 1988
- 6. Alice McCray (Riggins) b. 1916 d. 1964
- 7. Coretha McCray (Bellamy) b. 1917 d. 1994
- 8. Romie McCray b. 1920 d. 2003
- 9. Don L. McCray b. 1926 d. 2003

- 2. Arthur McCray b. 1906 d. 1982
- 3. Lula McCray b. 1909
- 4. Inez McCray b. 1910
- 5. Mary McCray b. 1916
- 6. Zack McCray b. 1918 d. 1983



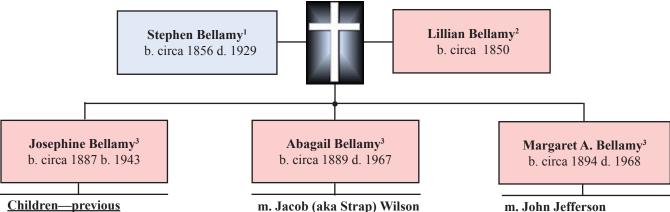
Figure 3.4 Family Tree —Family—Cato McCray and Lillian Bellamy

^{*}After Cato McCray passed away Lillian married Stephen Bellamy. See Figure for the family tree of Lillian and Stephen Bellamy. Stephen was also a former slave.

^{**}She was a midwife.

^{***}Cato name was spelled Kater, Cater, and Cader on archived documents throughout his life. †Frances was the daughter of former slaves Peter Bellamy and Annie Bellamy. See the abridged genealogy book (Wilson, 2021) for Peter and Annie Bellamy.

3.5 Family Tree for Stephen Bellamy, b. circa 1856 and Lillian Bellamy, b. circa 1850



Children—previous

- 1. Della Bellamy b. 18974 d. 1979
- 2. Eddie Bellamy b. 1903 d. 1961
- m. William L. Wilson b. 1875 d. 1961

Their Children⁵

- 3. Jeremiah "Jerry" Wilson b. 1909 d. 1966/
- 4. Florie Wilson (Bell) d. 1910 d. 1997
- 5. Lillie Wilson (Richardson) d. 1916 d. 1954
- 6. Mary Wilson (Livingston) b. 1917 d. 1981
- 7. Johnnie A. Wilson b. 1920 d. 1965
- 8. James "Dade" Wilson b. 1922 d. 1947
- 9. Estella Wilson b. 1923 d. 1924

Her Step Children⁶

- 1. Sam Wilson b. 1898 d. 1953
- 2. Frank O. Wilson b. 1898 d. 1977
- 3. William Bertie Wilson b. 1900 d. 1988
- 4. Norman Wilson b. 1902 d. 1945
- 5. Maybel Wilson (Smith) b. 1903 d. 2007

b. 1891 d. 1949

Children:

- 1. Ed Sherwood Wilson b. 1912 d.
- 2. Roosevelt Wilson b. 1912 d. 1989
- 3. Judge S. Wilson b. 1914 d. 1982
- 4. Steven Wilson b. 1918 d. 1990
- 5. Alberta Wilson (Hemingway) b. 1920 d. 2003
- 6. Perry Wilson b. 1922 d. 2010

m. John Jefferson

b. 1900 d.1935

Children:

- 1. Needham Jefferson b. 1911 d. 1972
- 2. Florence Bellamy (McCray) b. 1913 d. 2008
- 3. Florine Jefferson b. 1921
- 4. Louise Jefferson (McDuffie) b. 1926 d. 2008
- 5. Lucille Jefferson (Wilson) b. 1930 d. 2013
- 6. Rebecca Jefferson (Fairwell) b. 1934 d. 2009

The family trees in Figures 3.4 and 3.5 show the connection of the common ancestor Lillian to the Bellamy and McCray families.



Figure 3.5 Family Tree—Stephen Bellamy and Lillian Bellamy

¹Stephen is the son of Daniel Bellamy (b. circa 1820) and Abigail Bellamy (b. circa 1840).

²Lillian Bellamy's children from first husband Cato McCray: Sarah McCray, b. 1868; Nancy McCray, b. 1871;

Hartford McCray, b. 1873; Hampton McCray, b. 1876; and Cato McCray, b. 1877.

³Half sister to their mother, Lillian, children from first husband (Cato McCray, b. circa 1850).

⁴The 1896 birth year is incorrect according to the 1900 and 1910 US Federal Census, Neither Della nor Eddie were listed on the 1900 census, but both children were listed on the 1910 census as 10 and 7 years old, respectively. This is strong evidence that Della was born after the 1900 census, which was conducted on April 29, 1900.

⁵Children from the union with William L. Wilson.

⁶Children from William L. Wilson's first wife Sarah Green, whom he married in 1895 and passed away about 1907.

3.6 The 1870 US Federal Census for Daniel Bellamy, b. circa1820-Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840

The information shown below is from ancestry. L com whose database is an index to individuals enumerated in the 1870 United States Federal Census. the Ninth Census of the United States. Census takers recorded many details including each person's name, age at last birthday, sex, color; birthplace, occupation, and more. Unfortunately, the form had been designed without a column to enter relationship of each family to the household head such as wife, husband or spouse, son, daughter, and so on. Because of the relationship missed on the 1870 US Federal Census, the data sheet showed no relationships between members of a household; therefore, a summary sheet was attached for each household indicating that many members in the household as inferred son, inferred wife, and so on. The inferred status indicates if anyone in the

household is married, the marital status of married or single cannot be determined from a source because no information was given on the 1870 census form. For example, if there are two names in the household with gender of male and female, within a certain age range of each other, then marital status is set to "inferred wife or inferred children."

For example: The first group (top group of the column), which includes Abigail's name infers that because her age is closest to the male (Daniel), she is referred to the inferred spouse because there is no direct source indicating that she was Daniel's spouse. They were listed in the 1880 US Federal Census as husband and wife; therefore, a conclusion can be made that they were also husband and wife in 1870.

These names were transcribed from the census of 1870 and 1880

I. Family in 1870 US Federal Census

Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820

Abegale Bellamy, b. circa 1840

Phebe Bellamy, b. circa 1856

Emma Bellamy, b. circa 1858

Daniel (aka Dock) Bellamy, b. circa 1860

Nancy Bellamy, b. circa 1862

Phofey Bellamy, b. circa 1864

Sarah Bellamy, b. circa 1865

Samel Bellamy, b. circa 1866

Martha Bellamy, b. circa 1869

III. 1880 US Federal Census* Stephen (aka Phebe) Bellamy h

Stephen (aka Phebe) Bellamy, b. circa 1856

Daniel (aka Dock Daniel) Bellamy, b. circa 1860

Nancy Bellamy, b. circa 1862

Sophia (aka Phofey) Bellamy, b. circa 1864

Sarah Bellamy, b. circa 1866

Samel (aka Samel) Bellamy, b. circa 1867

Martha Bellamy, b. circa 1869

Joseph Bellamy, b. circa 1871

John Bellamy, b. circa 1872

Frank Bellamy, b. circa 1873

Lucey Bellamy, b. circa 1877

Mandy (Amanda) Bellamy, b. circa 1878

II. Interpretation of relationship from 1870 census

Inferred mother

Abigail (aka Abegale) Bellamy, b. circa 1840

Inferred Children

Phebe Bellamy, b. circa 1856 Emma Bellamy, b. circa 1858 Daniel (aka Dock) Bellamy, b. circa 1860 Nancy Bellamy, b. circa 1862 Phofey Bellamy, b. circa 1864 Sarah Bellamy, b. circa 1865

^{*}Abigail Bellamy indicated in 1900 that she gave birth to 14 children and 10 were living in 1900 and 1910. The research for this book captured no data from the 1890 US Federal Census because a fire burned all the records from the 1890 census with the exception of a few states. Consequently, there was a gap of 20 years with no census data to research. If a person was born and died during this gap, there is probably no information, especially African Americans. Emma Bellamy (b. 1858) was not living in the home in 1880.



3.7 The Life Story of Progenitor: Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 d. 1918

A bigail Bellamy was born circa 1840 in Horry County South Carolina. She had six surviving sons and six surviving daughters with Daniel Bellamy between 1856 and 1879. It is not known how long her husband, Daniel Bellamy, who was born about

1820, lived. All available information indicate that he preceded her in death before the year 1900. She died on April 3, 1918, in Longs, South Carolina, having lived a long life of 78 years. See the 1880 US Federal Census in Gallery B of this book.

Abigail Bellamy: Life Story

Start Circa 1840*

Abigail Bellamy was born in April 1840 in South Carolina. She was born into slavery. Due to the lack of US Federal Census data on African Americans before 1870, it is virtually impossible to identify families. It is akin to trying to look through a brick wall to discern what is on the lower side of 1870.

Circa 1856* Age16

Birth of Son*

Her son Stephen (aka Phebe**) was born in 1856. He was referred to as Phebe in the 1870 US Federal Census, but this error was corrected in the 1880 US Federal Census. He was born in Simpson Creek Township (Horry county), South Carolina.

Stephen (aka Phebe) Bellamy

1856-1929

Circa 1858* Age 18

Birth of Daughter*

Her daughter Emma was born circa 1858 in Simpson Creek Township (Horry County) South Carolina.

Emma Bellamy

1858 -

Circa 1861* Age 21

Birth of Son*

Her son Dock Daniel was born circa 1861 in South Carolina.

Dock Daniel Bellamy

1861-1930

Circa 1862* Age 22

Birth of Daughter*

Her daughter Nancey, was born circa 1862 in South Carolina.

Nancev Bellamy

1862-

Circa 1864* Age 24

Birth of Daughter*

Her daughter Sophia was born circa1864 in South Carolina.

Sophia (aka Phoefey**) Bellamy

1864-

Figure 3.6 Life Story of Abigail Bellamy, cont.

^{**}The census taker often spelled a child's name phonetically based of the pronunciation from the mother or father. The spelling was corrected in the 1880 US Federal Census.



cont.

^{*1870} and 1880 US Federal Censuses

3.4 Life Story of Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 d. 1918, cont.

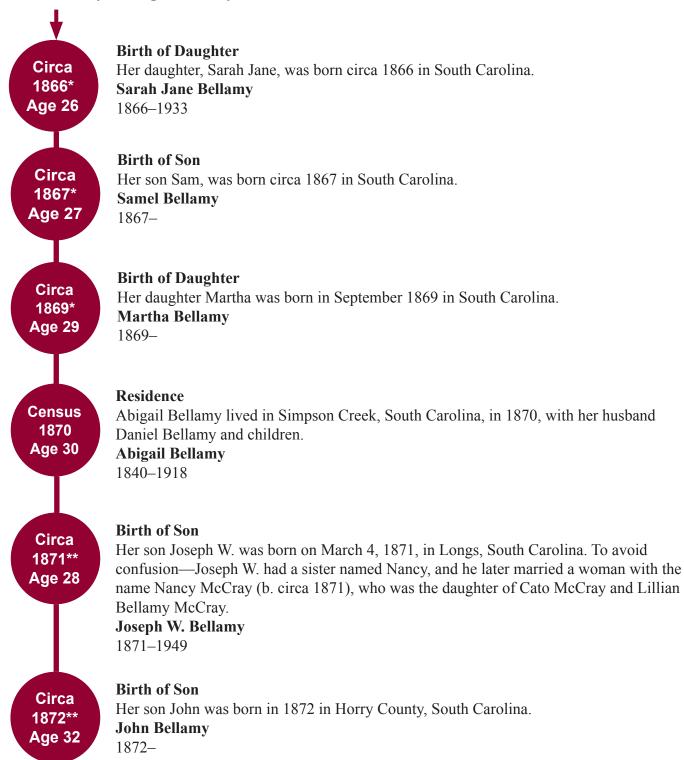


Figure 3.6 Life Story of Abigail Bellamy, cont.



cont.

3.4 Life Story of Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 d. 1918, cont.



Birth of Son¹

Her son Frank was born in 1873 in Horry County, South Carolina.

Frank Bellamy

1873 -

Circa 1877 Age 37

Birth of Daughter¹

Her daughter Lucy A. was born circa 1877 in Horry County, South Carolina.

Lucy A. Bellamy

1877-

Circa 1878 Age 38

Birth of Daughter¹

Her daughter Amanda was born on April 1879, in Horry County, South Carolina.

Amanda Bellamy

1879-1933

Census 1880 Age 40

Residence¹

Abigail Bellamy lived in Simpson Creek, South Carolina, with her husband Daniel and children in 1880.

1880—Simpson Creek, Horry County, South Carolina

Census 1900 Age 60

Residence²

Abigail Bellamy lived in Simpson Creek, South Carolina, in 1900. She lived in the home with her daughter Sarah Bellamy Vaught. Sarah was married to Peter Vaught, who was the household head. Her daughters Lucy and Amanda also lived in the same household. Her husband Daniel passed away before the 1900 US Federal Census. Of her 14 children, 10 were still living in the year 1900, and some had their own family and home.

1900—Simpson Creek, Horry County, South Carolina



Residence³

Abigail Bellamy lived in Simpson Creek, South Carolina, in 1910. She lived in the home of her daughter Sarah, who was married to Peter Vaught. Of her 14 children, 10 were still living in 1910.

1910—Simpson Creek, Horry County, South Carolina

End 1918 Age 78

Abigail Bellamy's Death4

Abigail Bellamy died on April 3, 1918, in Longs, South Carolina, when she was 78 years old. She is interred in Abigail Cemetery, Longs, South Carolina. She was a midwife all of her adult life. ■

Figure 3.6 Life Story of Abigail Bellamy, cont.



¹1880 US Federal Census

²1900 US Federal Census

³1910 US Federal Census

⁴1918 SC Certificate of Death

Chapter 4

Progenitor

Frank Frink, b. circa 1850-Mary Williams Frinks, b. circa 1850



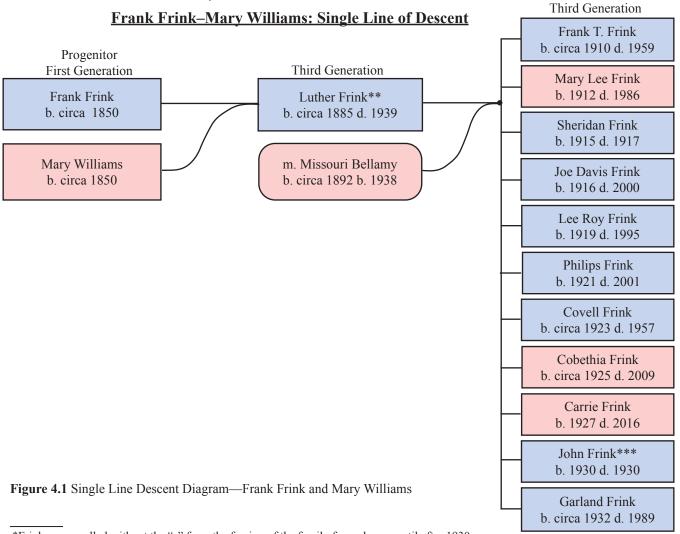
1820–1940 North Williams Township (Columbus County), North Carolina Simpson Creek Township—Longs (Horry County), South Carolina

4.1 Single Line of Descent: Frank Frink, b. circa 1850—Mary Williams, b. circa 1850

The diagram in Figure 4.1 depicts a single line ▲ of descent from Frank Frink as the paternal progenitor. He was born into slavery in Columbus County, North Carolina, circa 1850. In 1870, five years after all slaves were freed by the Thirteenth Amendment to the US Constitution, at age twenty-three, Frank was working as a laborer for the Whiteville Township in Columbus County, North Carolina. In 1876, he married Mary Williams who was also a former slave. His surname and that of his children was spelled without the "s." The "s" was added to Frink after 1930s. It seems that the historical spelling since 1870 was "Frink," not "Frinks." Frank and Mary became the parents of seven surviving children (Figure 4.1). In 1880 Frank was working as a laborer in Columbus County, North Carolina.

By this time, the couple had three children. By 1900 all their children had been born. His son, Luther Frink, was twelve years old in 1900, and according to census records, it is believed that Luther (a.k.a. Martin Luther) was born circa 1888.

After growing into adulthood, Martin Luther Frink married Missouri Bellamy, and they were blessed with eight (8) surviving children. The couple resided and raised their children in the Simpson Creek Township South Carolina (Horry County). Luther died on August 30, 1939. His wife, Missouri had passed away the previous year on June 4, 1938. She and her husband, Luther, are interred in Abigail Cemetery, Longs (Horry County) South Carolina.



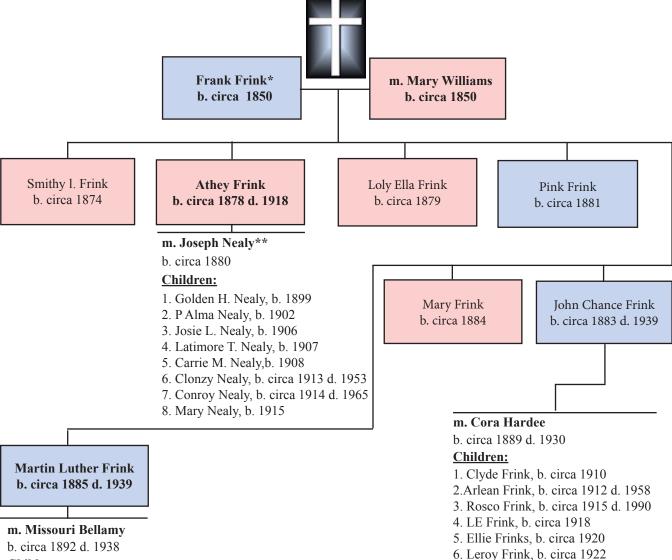
^{*}Frinks was spelled without the "s" from the freeing of the family from slavery until after 1930.



^{**}He is also known as Martin Luther Frink.

^{***}John Frink born April 5, 1930 and passed away September 5, 1930.

4.2 Family Tree: Progenitor Frank Frink, b. circa 1850–Mary Williams, b. circa 1850*



Children:

- 1. Frank T. Frink, b. 1910 d. 1959
- 2. Mary Lee Frink (Boone), b. 1912 d. 1986
- 3. Sheridan Frink, b. 1915 d. 1917
- 4. Joe Davis Frink, 1916 d. 2000
- 5. Leroy Frink, b. 1920
- 6. Phillips Frink, b. 1921 d. 2001
- 7. Covell Frink, b. 1923 d. 1957
- 8. Cobethia Frink (McNeil), b. 1925 d. 2009
- 9. Carrie Frink, b. 1928 d. 2016
- 10. John Frink, b. Apr 5, 1930 d. Sep 5, 1930
- 11. Garland T. Frink, b. 1932 d. 1989

Figure 4.2. Family Tree for Progenitor Frank Frink–Mary Williams.

7. James Frink, b. circa 1926

^{***}Living in Chaburn, North Carolina at time of death.



^{*}The historical spelling is Frink. To avoid confusion, the surname frink in this book includes the "s." The couple married in 1876. The family lived in Columbus County North Carolina. His son Luther eventually moved to South Carolina after marrying Missouri Bellamy.

^{**}Joseph Nealy married his first wife (Athey Frink) on December 23, 1904. After Athey (aka Atha or, Athie) passed away in 1918, he married a woman with the name Pinky. Also, Joseph's family surname in about 1865 was spelled

Gallery A

Progenitor

Irvin May, b. circa 1848-Henrietta May, b. circa 1850



1820–1940 Enfield (Halifax County), North Carolina Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina Simpson Creek—Longs (Horry County), South Carolina

Gallery A. Progenitor Irvin May, b. circa 1848-Henrietta May, b. circa 1850

The 1910 US Federal Census excerpt depicted in Figure A.1 shows Dock May married to a Lizzie May for 15 years. There is no indication of children.

Furthermore, research has not found any additional information on her whereabouts.

Dock N	May and Lizzie Ma	y—1910 US Federal	~~~~	~~~~		ocky	Moun	t, No	orth Carolina		
1910 United States Federal Census for Berder Pearson North Carolina > Edgecombe > Rocky Mt Ward 2 > District 0026											
	Name	Relation	Sex	Race	Age	Marital Status	Years Children Married Born	Children Living	Birthplace		
May	Sock	Head	n	B	37	141	15-		Hoset Croking		
man	Lyrie	whele	7	13	30	mi	16		Moreh Carolina		

Figure A.1 The 1910 US Federal Census for Dock May and Lizzie May.

The 1930 US Federal Census excerpt depicted in Figure A.2 explicit list the state each child was born in. Therefore, Sherwood, Woodrow, and Ervin were born in South Carolina, including their mother Georgia. Alexander as show was born in North

Carolina. This information is most likely accurate regarding the state each person was born in. The other three children were born in South Carolina in the 1930s.

Dock May and Georgia	a May—193	30 L	JS Fed	eral	Ce	nsu	IS	Roc	ky ľ	Moi	int,	Nor	th Carolina
Harvey, Elfel	Nice.	1930 United States Federal Census for Dock May North Carolina > Edgecombe > Rocky Mount > District 0027											
Name	Relation	Home Owne	Home Value	Radio	Farm	Sex	Race	Age			Attende School	Reads & Writes	Birthplace
May. Dock	Theal.	R			no	m	lig	55	m	21	20	no	northeoralina
- Georgia	wife *				V	7	Meg	29	m	16	no	no	South Carolina
sherewood	Son				V	m	ny	12	8		40	me	South Carolina
- Woodrac	ion				V	m	nog	10	1		hu	ye	South Carolina
Ervin	Son				V	n	no	5/2	1		no	1	South Carolina
alexander	Son				V	m	mil	21/2	8		no		north Carolina

Figure A.2 The 1930 US Federal Census for Dock May and Georgia May.



Gallery A. Progenitor Irvin May, b. circa 1848-Henrietta May, b. circa 1850, cont.

Dock May and Lizzie May (Transcription)—1910 US Federal Census (Rocky Mount), NC

Dock May in the 1910 United States Federal Census

Name: Dock May Age in 1910: 38 [32] Birth Year: abt 1872 [abt 1878] Birthplace: North Carolina Rocky MT Ward 2, Edgecombe, North Carolina Home in 1910: Albemarle Avenue Continued Street: 320 House Number: Black Race: Male Gender: Relation to Head of House: Head Married Marital Status: Lizzie May Spouse's Name: Father's Birthplace: North Carolina Mother's Birthplace: North Carolina English Native Tongue: Occupation: Laborer Tobacco Factory Industry: Wage Earner Employer, Employee or Other: Home Owned or Rented: Rent House Farm or House: Able to read: No Able to Write: No Years Married: 15 Out of Work: Number of Weeks Out of Work: 5

Figure A.3. The home address listed in the 1910 US Federal Census agrees with the street address listed in the 1908-1909 Rocky Mount Directory shown in Figure A.7. Also, the birth year of Dock from most archived data is 1872, not 1878. Therefore, the city directory and the census data confirmed that Dock May lived at this address with his wife, Lizzie. There has never been any additional information on Lizzie's whereabouts since 1910. It is not clear if she passed away after 1910 or moved away under a different name. The most likely scenario is that she died before Dock meeting his wife

Georgia.

 Household Members
 Age
 Relationship

 Dock May
 38
 Head

 Lizzie May
 30
 Wife

Neighbors: View others on page

Figure A.3 The 1910 US Federal Census for Dock May and Georgia May (Transcribed).



Gallery A. Progenitor Irvin May, b. circa 1848-Henrietta May, b. circa 1850, cont.

Dock May and Georgia May (Transcribed)—1930 US Federal Census (Rocky Mount), NC **Dock May*** in the 1930 United States Federal Census Name: Dock May Birth Year: abt 1875 Gender: Male Race: Negro (Black) [Black] Age in 1930: Birthplace: North Carolina Marital Status: Married Relation to Head of House: Head Home in 1930: Rocky Mount, Edgecombe, North Carolina, USA Map of Home: Rocky Mount, Edgecombe, North Carolina Street Address: Highland Avenue Figure A.4. The Ward of City: Second pt of home address listed on House Number: 710 the 1930 US Federal Census 217 Dwelling Number: agrees with the street address listed in the Family Number: 245 1930 Rocky Mount Directory shown in Home Owned or Rented: Rented Figure A.14. Dock's occupation of working Home Value: 10 in tobacco warehouses in 1910 and in 1930 is further proof that the person with the name Radio Set: Dock living in Rocky Mount, North Carolina Lives on Farm: No is the same Dock May shown in the 1930 Age at First Marriage: 21 census with his wife Georgia and children. Attended School: Judging from the variations in Dock's age Able to Read and Write: over the span of his life, it can reasonable Father's Birthplace: North Carolina be concluded that 1872 is likely the Mother's Birthplace: North Carolina most accurate year of his Able to Speak English: birth. Occupation: Lineman Industry: Tobacco Factory Wage or salary worker Class of Worker: Employment: **Household Members** Relationship Age Dock May Head 55 Wife Georgia May 29 Sherwood May 12 Son 10 Woodroe May Son Ervin May Alexander May

Figure A.4 The 1930 US Federal Census for Dock May and Georgia May (Transcribed).

^{*}Dock May and Georgia Bellamy May's other three children were born between 1930 and 1940. They were Nancey May, Georgia L. May, and Franklin May. Dock was considerably older than his wife, Georgia of more 25 years



The 1940 US Federal Census excerpt shown in Figure A.5 shows Dock and the children a year after the passing of his wife Georgia. Six of the seven children were living in the home with Dock. They were Woodrow, Ervin (aka Irvin), Alexander, Nancy,

Georgia Lee, and Benjamin Franklin. The missing sibling Sherwood was living with his grandmother Nancy Bellamy (Figure A.6). The family lived in Simpson Creek Township in the area of Longs (Horry County) South Carolina.

Dock May and	Family—1940 Fed	eral US Feder	al	Cen	sus—	Sim	pson	Cre	ek (Long	gs), SC
			19		ed States Carolina >						
	Name	Relation	Code A	Sex	Race	Age	Marital Status	Attended School	Grade	Code B	Birthplace
may,	Woch	Head	0	24	Heg	62	Wd	Ko	r	1	Month Corolina
	Woodraw &	Sou	2	M	neg	20	8	20	¥	4	south Caroling
	Irvin	Dow	2	24	Keg	15	8	Ko	3	3	Sent Corseine
	Olejander	Dow	2	24	Key	11	8	hes	1	1	south Coraling
	nousy	Doughter	2	7	Key	8	8	441	0		sout Corseis
	Georgia L	Daughter	2	7	My	5	8	740	0		south Corolina
	Ben 7.	sow	2	24	ky	3	8	20	0		coult Coroling

Figure A.5 The 1940 US Federal Census for Dock May and Georgia Lee May.

The 1940 US Federal Census excerpt shown in Figure A.6 shows Sherwood May Bellamy living with his grandmother Nancy Bellamy and his Uncle John. He used the surname "Bellamy" in the 1940 US

Federal Census. However, in the 1930 US Federal Census he listed his name as Sherwood May while living in the home with his stepfather Dock May and biological mother Georgia May.

Nancy Bellamy—1940 Federal U	JS Federal Co	ens	us—	-Simp	son	Cre	ek (I	ong	gs), S	South Carolina
Polaride Wissi (2)	1940 United St			al Censu orry → Si				lamy	h	inuiti One
Name	Relation	ode A	Sex	Race	Age	Marital Status	Attended School	Grade	Code B	Birthplace
Bellacy, nousy &	Head	[7	Mag	79	and	10	0		South Comerie
John	sow	2	74	Ten	29	8	20	0		south Corolina
- Sherwood	Grand Son	4	74	244	22	8	no	6		south Conling

Figure A.6 The 1940 US Federal Census—Nancy Bellamy

The information in Figure A.7 is a copy of Rocky Mount (1908–1909) Directory includes Dock May (son of the progenitor) who was living in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. He

was working as a laborer (lab) and living a house (h) on 320 Albemarie Avenue, Rocky Mount, North Carolina

Dock May—Rocky Mount Directory (1908–1909), North Carolina Underwriters Fire Insurance Co. OF ROCKY MOUNT A home company operated by and for people living in North Carolina only. Home Office:—PLANTERS BANK BUILDING, ROCKY MOUNT, N. C. MATTHEWS MAYO (98)Matthews John L (Gorham & Matthews Hardware Co), h 214 n Church Matthews Lonnie P, foreman h 703 Clark Mathews Mary S wid Stanley W, h 305 Hill MATTHEWS, WEEKS & CO (G T Matthews, J W Matthews & W G Weeks), whol grocers 213-215-217 s Main—phone 181 *Matthia James, fireman h 533 s Grace *May Ary, h Hilliard May Charles H, salesman E Epstein h 131 e Thomas *May Doctor, lab h 320 Albemarle av **Dock May** *May Emma, nurse h 319 Goldleaf *May George M, lab h Hilliard Note: *May Jackson, carp h 205 Goldleaf This is a case *May John, lab h 319 Goldleaf where Dock *May Marcellus, lab h Atlantic av nr Grand av wrote his name May Robert, car inspr h 314 s Church as Doctor May *May William, driver h 207 Goldleaf MAY WILLIAM A (May & Gorham) and (Gorham Drug Co), h 133 MAY & GORHAM (William A May, Richard S Gorham), druggists Tarboro cor Washington and Rose-phone 200 (see side lines) Mayo Allie T, butcher h 716 Falls rd Mayo Betty wid R O, h 716 Falls rd Mayo Charles R, clk h 716 Falls rd Mayo Ernest, farmer h 716 Falls rd Independent Ice Mayo William L, butcher h 716 Falls rd J. W. MATTHEWS W. G. WEEKS Matthews, Weeks & Co. WHOLESALE GROCERS DEALERS IN Provisions, Grain, Hay, Shipstuff, Lime and Laths Distributors of Rob Roy and Mt. Vernon Flour 213-215-217 S. Main St. ROCKY MOUNT, N. C. WILKINSON, BULLUCK & CO. All Forms of Insurance. Real Estate Bought and Sold. Rents Collected. SURETY BONDS ISSUED. Planters Bank Building, P. O. Box 1. Phone 83 Figure A.7 The Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County) Directory 1908–1909.



The information in Figure A.8 is a copy of Rocky Mount (1912–1913) Directory includes Dock May (son of the progenitor) who was living in Rocky

Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. He was working as a laborer (lab) and living a house (h) on 111 Holly Street, Rocky Mount, North Carolina.

Dock May—Rocky Mount Directory (1912–1913), North Carolina Wilkinson, Bulluck and Co. Phone 83 Rocky Mount, N. C. ROCKY MOUNT (1912-13) DIRECTORY 128 Matthews Robt J, foreman Rocky Mount Ice & Fuel Co Inc h 963 S Church So Rocky Mt Matthews W Sidney, prescription clk May & Gorham bds 311 Mari-MATTHEWS, WEEKS & CO (G T and J W Mattheward War Weeks), whol grocers 213-215-217 S Main-phone This is a case (see adv below) M (Figure A.8) Mattox Wm G, car repr h Clark cor Mitchell So P where Dock wrote his May Andrew, helper bds 212 Battle *May Chas, fireman h 219 Raleigh name as Doctor May. There is no May Chas H, agent Standard Oil Co h 418 Sun doubt that the person listed is the *May Doctor, lab h 111 Holly Dock May same Dock May discussed in this *May Geo, lab h Myers nr Raleigh rd book. The asterisk assigned to the G *May Jno II, barber Morris Heggins h 218) *May Mattie A, elk Isaac Sessoms h 230 name was a code for a colored or black *May Redmand, plstr h 117 N Howell person. The directory conveniently *May Tempsie, laundress h 539 Holly omitted what it meant in their May Wiley A, bkkpr Rocky Mount Machin abbreviation section. The asterisk Church was subsequently replaced by a small "c" in parenthesis irry K. Wagner, Arc (c) in the 1928 Jeweler, directory. MAY WM A (M & Gorham), h 128 S Church—phone MAY & GORHAM (Wm A May, Richd S Gorham), druggists, proprs Five Points Drug Store, Tarboro cor Washington and rine Rose-phone 200 (see side lines) J. W. MATTHEWS W. G. WEEKS Matthews, Weeks & Co. Wholesale Grocers DEALERS IN Provisions, Grain, Hay, Shipstuff, Lime, Laths and King's Windsor Wall Plaster. Distributors of Rob Roy and White Swan Flour 213-215-217 S. Main St. Phones 181 and 46 Use Robinson's and Cross's Code ROCKY MOUNT, N. C. WILKINSON, BULLUCK & CO. All Forms of Insurance. Real Estate Bought and Sold. Rents Collected. SURETY CONDS ISSUED. Planters Bank Building, P. O. Box 1. Phone 83



Figure A.8 The Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County) Directory 1912–1913.

Figure A.9 depicts a page from the Rocky Mount (1914–1915) Directory, which includes Dock May. Dock worked as a laborer. According to research, Dock worked primarily in the tobacco industry with jobs in tobacco warehouses. He lived at 111 Holly

Street, Rocky Mount, North Carolina. The asterisk shown in front of a name is the code for a black or colored person. The lower case "lab"stands for a laborer and the lower case "h" stands for household.

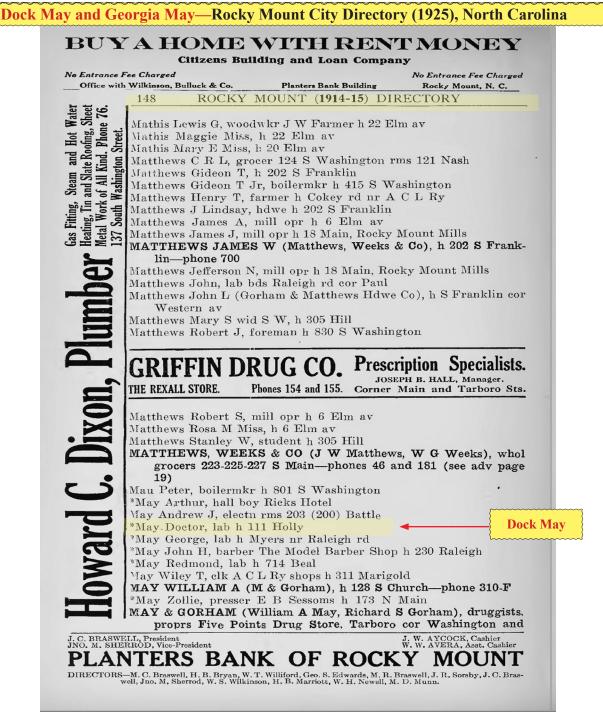


Figure A.9 The Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County) Directory 1914–1915.



The information in Figure A.10 is a copy of Rocky Mount (1916–1917) Directory and includes Dock May who was living in Rocky Mount City (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. He was working

in a factory (most likely a tobacco warehouse) and listed as a hand (hd) and lived in a house (h) on 111 Holly Street, Rocky Mount, South Carolina.

Dock May—Rocky Mount City Directory (1916–1917), North Carolina FOR ANY FORM OF INSURANCE 123 WESTERN AVENUE, WE WILL BOND YOU Phone 777 ROCKY MOUNT (1916-1917) DIRECTORY 157 Matthews Maggie Miss, h 16 Main, Rocky Mount Mills Matthews Mary Miss, h 16 Main, Rocky Mount Mills Matthews Mary S wid S W, h 320 Hill Matthews R Slade, mill hd h 7 W Elm av, Rocky Mount Mills Matthews Robert J, foreman h 814 S Washington Matthews Stanley W, student h 320 Hill Matthews W Boyd, electn h 732 Pender Matthews, Weeks & Co (James W Matthews, W Gordon Weeks) whol grocers 223-227 S Main Matthews William, helper h Nashville rd nr Boon *May Dock, factory hd h 111 Holly Dock May May Edward L, tailor R R Womble h 109 Tarboro May Elizabeth L Miss, h 128 S Church *May George, lab h Myers nr Raleigh rd *May John H, barber J H Bratcher h 343 Atlantic av May Lizzie Mrs (M & Gorham), h 128 S Church *May Redmond, plstr h 714 Beal May Wiley T, clk A C L R R shops h 311 Marigold MAY & GORHAM (Mrs Lizzie May, Richard S Gorham), druggists proprs Five Points Drug Store, Tarboro cor Washington and Rose—phones 200 and 201 and Red Cross Pharmacy 224 S Main -phone 590 (see right side lines, left side lines and page 13) Mayberry W Lindsay, car repr h Boon nr Nashville rd *Maynor Emma, dom h 566 Raleigh *Maynor Gus, chauffeur h 437 E Thomas *Maynor John, bottler Coca-Cola Bottling Co h 112 E Thomas Mayo Albert T, meat ctr W L Mayo h 819 Branch *Mayo Charles, lab The Southern Cotton Oil Co h 627 Beal *Mayo Edward, lab h 433 E Thomas Mayo Elizabeth S wid R O, h 819 Branch Mayo Ernest E, butcher Armstrong Bros Market h 736 Pender Mayo Eva Miss, nurse Park View Hospital *Mayo Isaac, lab h 505 Myrtle av *Mayo Jane, dom h 118 N Tillery Mayo Jesse C, clk h 819 Branch Mayo Kathleen Miss, nurse Park View Hospital Mayo Roy O, clk Kelly Armstrong h 535 S Washington *Mayo Virgil, lab h 104 W Grand av Mayo W Leslie, meats 713 Falls rd, h Hunters Hill rd *Mayo William, lab h 627 Beal Mayo Winnie B Miss, h 819 Branch Mayor of Rocky Mount, Hon L F Tillery 104 N Main



Figure A.10 The Rocky City Mount (Edgecombe County) Directory 1916–1917.

The information in Figure A.11 depicts a page from the Rocky Mount (1920) Directory and includes Dock May who was living in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. He was working

as a tobacco worker and was living in house (h) at 113 Holly Street, Rocky Mount, North Carolina—unknown if others lived in the home.

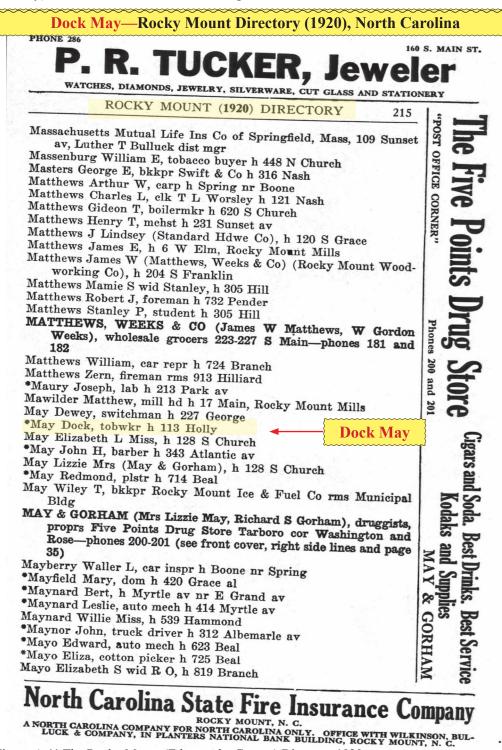
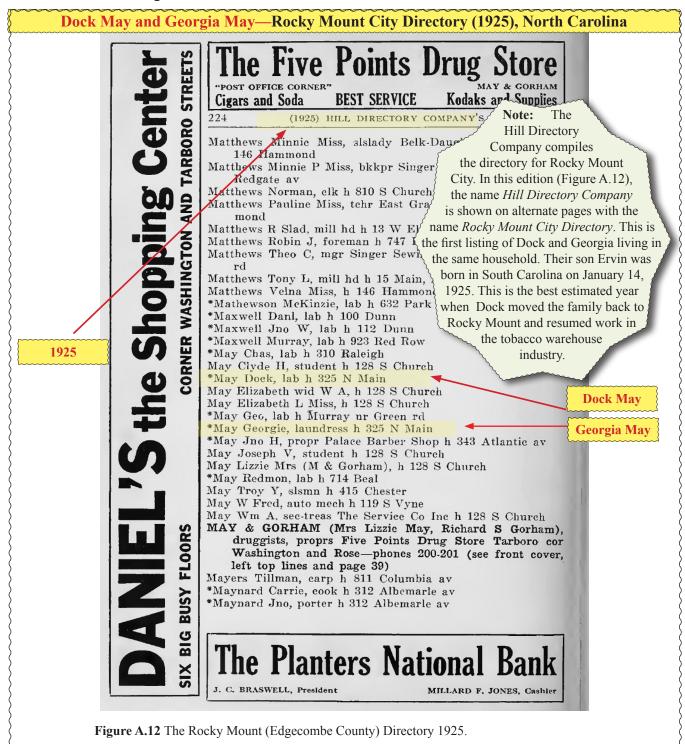




Figure A.11 The Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County) Directory 1920.

The information in Figure A.12 depicts a page from the Rocky Mount (1925) Directory includes Dock May and his wife. They lived in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. Dock worked as a laborer and Georgia worked as a laundress.

The couple lived at 325 North Main Street, Rocky Mount, North Carolina. The asterisk shown in front of a name is a code for black or colored person. The lower case "lab" stands for a laborer and the lower case "h" stands for house.





The information in Figure A.13 depicts a page from the Rocky Mount (1928) Directory and it includes Dock May and his wife Georgia. Dock and his family lived in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. He worked as a laborer in the tobacco warehouse and the family lived in a house (h) on 325 Main Street, NE, Rocky Mount, South Carolina.

Dock May—Rocky Mount City Directory, North Carolina (1928)

The Rocky Mount Savings Trust Co.

Acts as Administrator, Trustee, Etc.

ROCKY MOUNT CITY DIRECTORY (1928)

Matthews Arth W (Gladys) carp h541 Nashville rd Matthews Cecil emp Rocky Mt Mills r31 River dr Matthews Chas E student h235 Marigold apt 102 Matthews Essie G r235 Marigold apt 102 Matthews Florence E student r204 S Franklin MATTHEWS GIDEON T (Elizabeth W), Postmaster City

of Rocky Mt, h620 S Church, Tel 761-W Matthews Jas A (Florence) emp Rocky Mt Mills h1026

Matthews Jas T (Manson G) emp Rocky Mt Mills h43 W

Matthews Jas W (Estelle W) h204 S Franklin Matthews Jas W jr student r204 S Franklin

Matthews Jefferson N (Bessie) mill hd h21 W Elm

Matthews John L (Claude) h122 S Grace

Matthews John L clk Standard Drug Co r230 Rose

Matthews Kemp O (Carrie L) clk J B Exum h712 S Church Matthews Lena (wid C E) h810 S Church

Matthews Linsey (wid W M) r1532 S Church

Matthews Lizzie mach opr r21 W Elm

Matthews Louis B (Katie) car repr ACLRR h903 Clark

Matthews Louise clk r810 S Church

Matthews Mary B r21 W Elm

Matthews Mary L (wid R J) h747 Redgate av

Matthews Minnie slsldy Belk-Daughtridge Co Inc h235 Marigold apt 102

Matthews Minnie P bkpr Singer Sewing Mach Co r747 Redgate av

Matthews Norman D clk r810 S Church

Matthews Pauline tchr Bassett Sch r235 Marigold

Matthews Robt J (Sallie S) formn r747 Redgate av Matthews Tony L (Sarah) emp Rocky Mt Mills h26 River

Matthews Troy mill hd r1026 Falls rd

Matthews Velma tchr Williford Sch r235 Marigold apt 102 Matthews W C (Ruth) shoe repr W Soden & Sons r445 S

Matthews Zera T (Earnie) eng h812 School

Maxwell Danl (c; Janie) soft drinks 100 Dunn Maxwell John W (c; Mary) hlpr ACLRR h108 Dunn

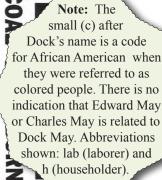
May Chas (c) car h310 N Raleigh May Clyde H student r128 S Church

May Dock (c; Georgia) lab h325 Main NE May Edw (c) deliverymn r310 N Raleigh

Health, Accident, Liability, Insurance and Bonds WILKINSON-BULLUCK AND COMPANY, General Agents Planters National Bank Building Phones 81-83

Figure A.13 The Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County) Directory 1928.







Dock May

and his wife

The information in Figure A.14 depicts a page from the Rocky Mount (1930) Directory and it includes Dock May and his wife, Georgia, who was

living in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County), North Carolina. He worked as a laborer in warehouse. The family lived in a house (h) on 710 E. Highway Avenue.

Dock May—Rocky Mount Directory, North Carolina (1930) Carolina Building & Supply Co., Inc. BUILDING MATERIAL-LUMBER-MILL WORK-COAL Phones 60-61 ROCKY MOUNT CITY DIRECTORY (1930) 213 Matthews see also Mathews Matthews Dorothy E, slswn McLellan Stores Co r 747 Red-Matthews Essie G, r 235 Marigold, apt 101 Matthews Florence E, sch tchr r 204 S Franklin MATTHEWS GIDEON T (Elizabeth W), Postmaster City of Rocky Mt h 620 S Church, Tel 761-W Matthews J Webb (Estelle W), sec-treas Sou Mill Work Co Inc h 204 S Franklin Matthews Jas W jr, student r 204 S Franklin Matthews Jeff N (Bessie), emp Rocky Mt Mills h 21 W Elm Matthews John L (Claude B), h 122 S Grace Matthews John L, clk Standard Drug Co Inc r 230 Rose Matthews Kemp B (Carrie L), slsmn Perry's Clothes Shop h 712 S Church Matthews Lena (wid Chas E), h 810 S Church Matthews Lewis B (Katie M), car repr h 903 Clark Matthews Louis J, emp Rocky Mt Mills r 21 W Elm Matthews Mary B, emp Rocky Mt Mills r 21 W Elm Matthews Mary L (wid Robt J), h 747 Redgate av Matthews Minnie, slsldy h 235 Marigold, apt 101 Matthews Minnie P, bkpr Singer Sewing Machine Co r 747 Redgate av Matthews Norman D, clk r 810 S Church Matthews Pauline, tchr Bassett Sch r 235 Marigold, apt 101 Matthews R Louise, r 810 S Church Matthews Robt J (Sallie M), slsmn Eastern Carolina Service Corp h 747 Redgate av Matthews Thos, hlpr h 1027 Falls rd Matthews Tonie L (Victoria), emp Rocky Mt Mills h 26 River dr Matthews Velna, tchr Bassett Sch r 235 Marigold, apt 101 Matthews W Boyd, student r 714 Redgate av Matthews Wm C (Ruth A), shoemkr h 110 Edgecombe av Matthews Z Thos (Earnie J), eng h 812 School Mattocks Chas (c), dist mgr Eagle Life Ins Co r 214 Albemarle Maxey Annie M Mrs, r 419 N Church Maxwell Danl (c) (Janie), ice puller Eastern Carolina Service Corp r 100 Dunn Maxwell Gladys (c), dom r 218 Norfolk Maxwell John W (c) (Mary), hlpr h 108 Dunn May Adams (c), lab r 304 Leonard May Chas (c), lab h 310 N Raleigh MAY CLYDE H, Bkpr W R Lancaster Furn Co r 128 S Church, Tel 1556-J May Dock (c) (Georgia), lab Export Leaf Tobacco Co h 710 E Highland av May Edw (c) (Ada), h 319 Coleman av

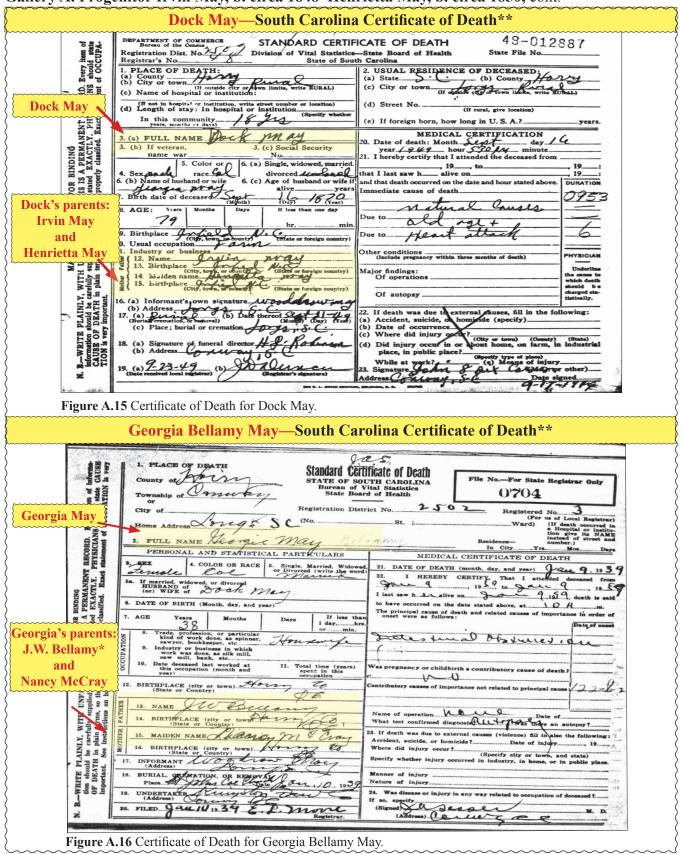
Figure A.14 The Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County) Directory 1930.

Dock May

and his wife

Georgia.

Gallery A. Progenitor Irvin May, b. circa 1848-Henrietta May, b. circa 1850, cont.



^{*} J.W. Bellamy (Joseph W. Bellamy).

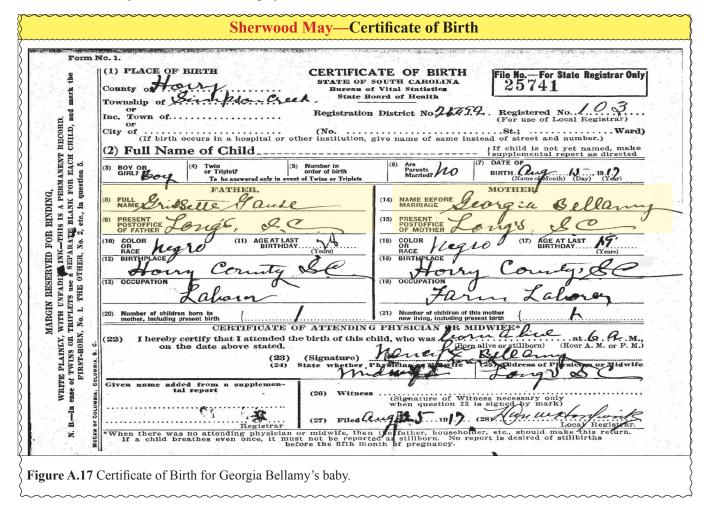
^{**}Woodrow May was the informant (Provided the deceased information).

The certificate of birth shown in Figure A.17 shows a baby boy born on August 15, 1917, and the mother is Georgia Bellamy and the father is Grissette Gause. The certificate of birth list the midwife as Nancy Bellamy (b. circa 1871) who is Georgia's mother. The baby was not given a name at time of birth, but we know now that the baby boy was later named Sherwood through a supplement report required by law. Hence, Sherwood was born two years after South Carolina (1915) required that a certificate of birth be issued for a new born baby.

It is not clear whether Sherwood's surname was Bellamy or May through a supplement report or if the birth certificate was ever amended. The certificate of death form clearly states the following: *If a child is*

not yet named, make supplemental report as directed. Furthermore, it is clear if Georgia knew Dock May at the time of the baby's birth because Dock May was listed as living in Rocky Mount (Edgecombe County) in 1917 according to the 1917 Rocky Mount City Directory.

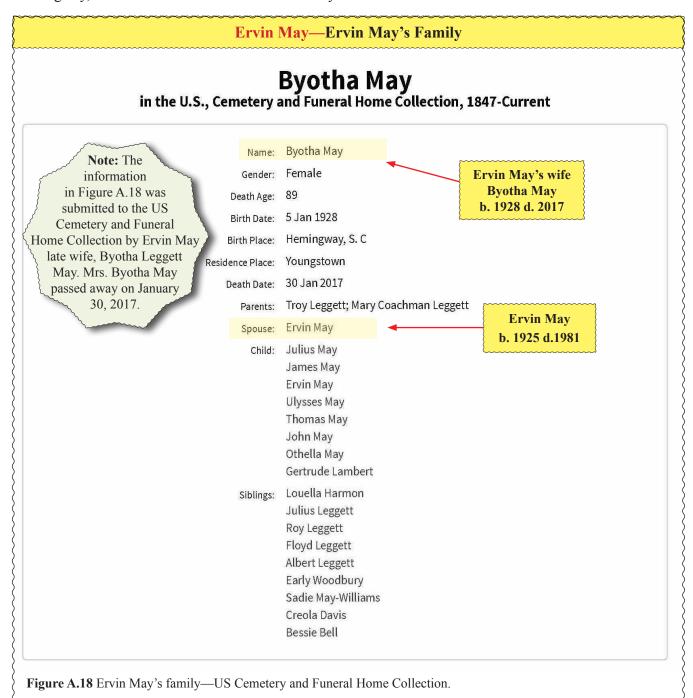
Although the certificate of birth indicate that Georgia Bellamy was nineteen years old, Archived data have proven that she was born after the census in 1900 was enumerated on June 11, 1900 and before the census in 1910. The enumeration date of June 11, 1900. According to archived records and her headstone, Georgia was born November 10, 1900, which was after the enumeration.





The information in Figure A.18 depicts a list of Ervin May's wife and children, which was placed into archives before she passed on January 30, 2017. They were living in Youngstown (Mahoning County), Ohio. His wife Byotha Leggett was originally from Hemingway, South Carolina. Ervin was born January

14, 1925 in Longs (Horry County), South Carolina. He passed away on May 3, 1981 at the age of 56. He was the father of seven children. Ervin and his wife are interred in Tod Homestead Cemetery in Youngstown (Mahoning County), Ohio.





Woodrow May—Draft Registration C	ard
REGISTRATION CARD	
SERIAL NUMBER 1. NAME (Print)	ORDER NUMBER REGISTRA
	(Alea for the
5-21 Woodrow - May	S-25/6 SERIAL NUI
(First) (Middle) (Last)	W-134
2. PLACE OF RESIDENCE (Print) Camp 38 Junem,	C C W-131
Longs, Horry	2. PLACE OF I
(Number and street) (Town, township, fillage, or city) (County) [THE PLACE OF RESIDENCE GIVEN ON THE LINE ABOVE WILL DETERMINE	LOCAL BOARD
JURISDICTION; LINE 2 OF REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE WILL BE IDE	NTICAL] ITH
3. Mailing Address	
Long 5, 5, C.	3. Mailing A
[Mailing address if other than place indicated on line 2. If same insert word same]	
	OCCUPATION 4. TELEPHONE
None 21 Horry Cu.	
DATE OF BIRTH (Town or county)	utting trees
Zet. 16 1920 S.C.	
(Exchange) (Number) (Mo.) (Day) (Yr.) (State or country)	7. NAME AND
8. Name and Address of Person Who Will Always Know Your Address	Dec
DOCK May, Longs, S.C.	8. EMPLOYER
9. EMPLOYER'S NAME AND ADDRESS	J. B.
S.C. Public Authority. Holly Hill.	S. C. 9. PLACE OF I
10. PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS	R.
Camp 40 Bonneau Berkl	SC
(Number and street or R. F. D. number) (Town) (County)	(State) I AFFIRM
I AFFIRM THAT I HAVE VERIFIED ABOVE ANSWERS AND THAT THEY ARE TRUE.	DSS Form
71 for 10	V- / - / - / - / - / - / - / - / - / - /
D. S. S. Form 1 16-21630	nacy
(Revised 6-9-41) (over) (Registrant's si	gnature

Figure A.19 Draft Registration Card—Woodrow May.

REGISTRATION	CARD (Men I	born on or after July 1, 192		pet Bureau No. 33-R012- December 31, 1924
REGISTRATIUN	CARD (Men !	oorn on or after July 1, 192	A, and on or before	December 31, 1924
	t al	reach the 18th anniversary of the	data of their birth on	
SERIAL NUMBER	1. NAME (Print)	reach the 10th anniversary of the	e date of their birth on	ORDER NUMBE
	I. NAME (FILL)			11 029
W-134	Ervin	(NAM)	(lat)	11,020
2. PLACE OF RESIDE		(orional)	(DES)	
R. 7 D. #	3	<i>baris</i>	Herry	5.C.
(Number as	od street)	(Town, township, village, or city) E GIVEN ON LINE 2 ABOVE	(County)	OCAL POAPD
JUR JUR	ISDICTION; LINE	2 OF REGISTRATION CERTIF	FICATE WILL BE IDI	ENTICAL
3. MAILING ADDRESS				
		AME		
- m	(Mading addr	ess if other than place indicated on line 2. If		Drawn
4. TELEPHONE		5. AGE IN YEARS	6. PLACE OF	Віктн
4. TELEPHONE		5. AGE IN YEARS	6. PLACE OF	Nas
			6. PLACE OF	BIRTH Town Operatory)
(Exchange)	(Number)	DATE OF BIRTH	6. PLACE OF	Nas
(Exchange)	(Number)	5. AGE IN YEARS DATE OF BIRTH	6. PLACE OF	lown outganty)
(Exchange)	(Number)	DATE OF BIRTH	6. PLACE OF	lown outganty)
(Erchange) 7. NAME AND ADDRE	(Namber) (SS OF PERSON WHO	DATE OF BIRTH	6. PLACE OF	lown outganty)
(Erchange) 7. NAME AND ADDRE	(Namber) (SS OF PERSON WHO	DATE OF BIRTH	6. PLACE OF	lown outganty)
(Exchange) 7. NAME AND ADDRE DO GA 8. EMPLOYER'S NAMI J. B. C.	(Number) (SS OF PERSON WHO AND APPRESS	DATE OF BIRTH	6. PLACE OF	lown outganty)
(Exchange) 7. NAME AND ADDRE DO GA 8. EMPLOYER'S NAMI J. B. C.	(Number) (SS OF PERSON WHO AND APPRESS	DATE OF BIRTH	6. PLACE OF	lown outganty)
7. NAME AND ADDRE	(Number) (SS OF PERSON WHO AND APPLESS EENT OR BUSINESS SEEL OR F. F. D. Sumber)	6. AGE IN YEARS A STATE OF BIRTH DATE OF BIRTH OGA OGA OGA OGA OGA OGA OGA OG	RESS ADVISA STANDARD	town to country)
7. NAME AND ADDRE	(Number) (SS OF PERSON WHO AND APPLESS EENT OR BUSINESS SEEL OR F. F. D. Sumber)	6. AGE IN YEARS 1 DATE OF BIRTH 2 DATE OF BIRTH 3 DATE OF BIRTH 2 DATE	RESS ADVISA STANDARD	town to country)

Figure A.20 Draft Registration Card—Ervin May.

Georgia Bellamy May—Headstone

				924, and	on or before	APPROVED th Bureau No. 33-R012-42 December 31, 1924) or after January 1, 1943.)
SERIAL NUMBER	1. NAME (Print)	为他的证			and a constant	ORDER NUMBER
W 610	Alexa		(nmn)		May	12308
THE PLAC JURI 3. MAILING ADDRESS	E OF RESIDENCE SDICTION; LINE		ON LINE 2 ABOVI	E WILL DE	TERMINE LO WILL BE IDE	OCAL BOARD NTICAL
	Same (Malling address If other than place inclinated on line 2. If same, insert word same)					
4. TELEPHONE None		5. AGE I	YEARS 18		Rocky	Mount, N. C.
	(Number)	May	DATE OF BIRTH	927.	1	Wn or county)
7 Name and Address Dock May				DDRESS	TO THE PARTY OF	ate or country) Father)
J. H. Dun		Rt. 3,	Conway, S	. C.		Yang Marin
9. PLACE OF EMPLOYM	St	ar Rt.	3, Conway	, Hor		
I AFFIRM THAT I	HAVE VERIFIED A	BOVE ANSW	ERS AND THAT THE	Y ARE TE	(County)	(State)

Figure A.21 Draft Registration Card Alexander May.

Figure A.22 Headstone of Georgia Bellamy May.

Headstone transcription:

Georgia May was born Nov. 10, 1900 and died January 10, 1939. However, the actual date of death was January 9, 1939.



Gallery B

Progenitors

Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820–Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 Cato McCray, b. circa 1850–Lillian Bellamy, b. circa 1850



1820–1940 Simpson Creek Township Longs (Horry County), South Carolina

Gallery B. Progenitor: Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820–Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 d. 1918

Daniel Bellamy and Abigail Bellamy—1870 US Federal Census—Simpson Creek, South Carolina 1870 United States Federal Census for Daniel Bellamy South Carolina > Norry > Simpson Creek Divelling Family No. No. No. No. Real Estate Personal Estate Personal Estate Birthplace FatherMothe Birth Marriage of South Month Worth North William 22 No. W. Foreignering Month Month William 22 No. W. Foreignering No. W. Foreignering No. W. Foreignering No. W. Foreign

Figure B.1 The 1870 US Federal Census—Daniel Bellamy and Abigail Bellamy.

Stephen Bellamy (Figure B.2) was the son of Daniel and Abigail, who was a former slave who married Lillian Bellamy after her first husband, Cato, passed away. They had three children from this union,

namely: Josephine Bellamy (Wilson), Abigail Bellamy (Wilson), and Margaret Bellamy (Jefferson). Joseph W. Bellamy married his brother Stephen's wife (Lillian) daughter Nancy, b. 1871.

Daniel Bellamy and Abigail Bellamy—1880 US Federal Census—Simpson Creek, South Carolina 1880 United States Federal Census for Daniel Bellany AttendCannoCannot Race Sex Age Birthplace Bellamy Daniel 18 m61 SC Abbugil B & 40 nife de 10 80 13.37 Daugher Sleysat Home de 18 8 14 13 M13 Sin Westo in Fam 50 musther Durghen de Stephen Bellamy married Lillian after her first 8 m8 Sin husband Cato McCray passed away. 8 m27 Joseph married Daysten Lillian's daughter BA 2 (Nancy, b. 1871) Dayala

Figure B.2 The 1880 US Federal Census—Daniel Bellamy and Abigail Bellamy.



Gallery B. Progenitor: Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820-Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 d. 1918, cont.

The US Federal Census shown in Figure B.3 depicts Nancy McCray's father and mother in 1880 when she was about eight years old. They lived in Simpson Creek Township in the Longs (horry County), South Carolina area. Nancy, b. circa 1871 d. 1961. She was the second of child of four surviving siblings. Nancy married Joseph W. Bellamy who was the son of Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820 and Abigail Bellamy (Bellamy), b. circa 1840 d. 1918. Lillian (aka Lilly) shown as Cato McCray's the wife (Figure

B.3) married Stephen Bellamy after her husband passed away. As stated in the introduction, Lillian and Joseph W. had three daughters, Josephine, Abigail, and Margaret. See Figures 3.4 and 3.5 for Lillian's (aka Lilly) first and second husband family tree.

As mentioned in the introduction, the surname is spelled Mccrea instead of McCray.

Cato and Lillian	Bella	my—1	880 US	Federa	l Census—Sim	pson (Creek T	Township,	South C	arolina
	200	1. 10	18		Federal Census for Cato Mcrea Horry > Simpsons Creek > 068					80 1
Name	Race Sex	x Age Birth Month	Relationship	Man Single Marrie Widow Cen: Yea	occupation Occupation	Months Unemployed	Sick	Deaf Blind and IdioticInsaneDisa Dumb	Attended Cannot Cannot School read write	Birthplace
money buto	Bn	2 30		//	Escuped Convict					Sc
Lilly	63	1 27	nije		Ruping Hour	<u>.</u>	***************************************		11	de
- darah	BS	111	Sayther	1	Sleys at three				11	10
- Mancy	B 3	8	Sauster.	4					-	fo.
- Hamplin	BM	27	den	/	Nancy McCray (She was abo		• /	880.	1	de
- esampero			and an observed the second sec							

Figure B.3 The 1880 US Federal Census for Nancy McCray Bellamy.

Figure B.4 depicts Nancy McCray Bellamy when she was about 29 years old and head of household along with three daughters: Carrie (aka

Carry), b. 1890; Missouri, b. 1892; and Louisa, b. 1893. Her other children were born after the 1900 US federal Census. See Figure B.5

Nancy Bellamy—1900 U	JS Federal Census—Simpson Creek Township, South Carolina
11 Stattie M	1900 United States Federal Census for Nancy Bellamy South Carolina > Horry > Simpson Creek > District 0065
Name	Relation to Head Race Sex Birth Month Birth Year Age Status Marrie Born Living Birthplace
Bellary Maney	Aritaly 13 3 apr 187129 m 10 3 8 &C.
11 Missouri	Dakes 1812 8 L S C
11 Souisas	Daughter B & Feel 183 7 & DC

Figure B.4 The 1900 US Federal Census for Nancy McCray Bellamy.



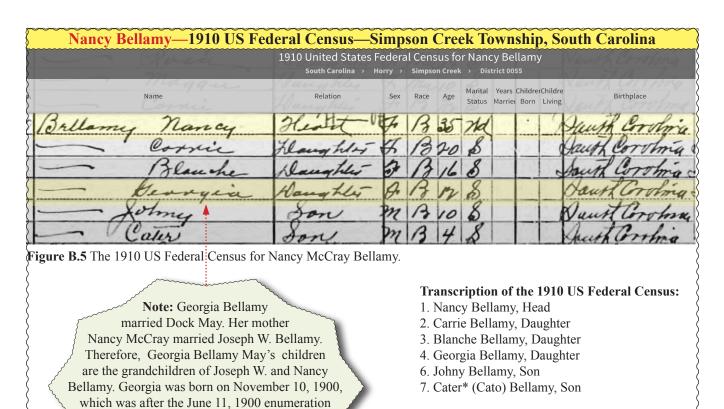
Gallery B. Progenitor: Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820-Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 d. 1918, cont.

Name and McCray (Bellamy), b. 1871 d. 1961 married Joseph W. Bellamy who was the son of Daniel Bellamy, b. 1820 and Abigail Bellamy (Bellamy), b. 1840 d. 1918. Lillian (aka Lilly) shown as the wife in Figure 3.2, married Stephen Bellamy after Cato McCray passed away. As stated in the introduction, Lillian and Stephen had three daughters, Josephine, Abigail, and Margaret. Hence, Josephine Bellamy (Wilson), Abigail Bellamy (Wilson), and Margaret Bellamy (Jefferson) were Nancy McCray Bellamy half-sisters. See Figures 3.4 and 3.5.

The family tree of Nancy Bellamy has been included so that direct descendants of Nancy Bellamy and direct descendants of her siblings, including her half-siblings will know their kinship relative to their common ancestor Daniel Bellamy—Abigail Bellamy.

1900 US Federal Census: Nancy McCray Bellamy, b. 1871 and head of household along with three daughters: Carrie (aka Carry), b. 1890; Missouri b. 1892; and Louisa, b. 1893. Her other children were born after 1900 US Federal Census.

1910 US Federal Census: Included Nancy, Carrie, Louisa Blanche, and the other children born since the 1900 census. The children born since the 1900 US Federal Census were Georgia, b. 1901; Johny, b. circa 1902 and Cato (aka Cater), b. circa 1906. Missouri had already left home for marriage by 1910. Please note the discrepancies in ages for Georgia and Johny because they were not born until after 1900 US Federal Census.



date for 1900 US Federal Census; therefore, the age 12 shown in the 1910 census is not correct.

It is another example of the inaccuracies contained with census data.



^{*}The name is misspelled, it should be Cato.

Gallery B. Progenitor: Daniel Bellamy, b. circa 1820-Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 d. 1918, cont.

Nancy Bellamy—Certificate of Death Registration Dist. No. 250 9 Registrar's No. 38 CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 61 005524 Comment: Vital Statistics - State Board of Health South Carolina Nancy McCray Bellamy was the item of USUAL RE admission) a. STATE HORRY b. CITY, TOWN, OR LOCATE daughter of Cato McCray and Lillian Every in plain e. CITY, TOWN, OR LOCATION Bellamy. Her mother Lillian was LONGS, S.C ROUTE 1 BOX403 W/ LIFE use ball point pen. d. STREET ADDRESS LONGS, S.C. IS RESIDENCE INSIDE married to Cato McCray before ME OF SPITAL OR STITUTION he passed away and her mother YES 🗆 YES 🗆 married Stephen Bellamy who was MRS. NANCY BELLAMY S. SEX 6. COLOR OR RACE NEVER MARRIED [the son of former slaves Daniel FEMALE NEGRO NECORD. Bellamy and Abigail Bellamy. Additionally, Nancy's stepfather and mother were born into slavery. man Lee See family trees in Figures 3.3, INK THIS IS A PERM Id be stated EXACTLY. of OCCUMATION and I 3.4 and 3.5. Although the name of Nancy's father is missing, all archived data p.m. indicate Cato McCray, b. circa 1850 was her father. This is an example that Mary Lee Boone (informant) did not know who Nancy's father LONGS HORRY name. This happened often in the Munsan Form No. VS-5 black community. **Figure B.6** Certificate of Death for Nancy Bellamy. Joseph W. Bellamy—Certificate of Death STANDARD CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 77-7-026 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of the Census Bureau of the Census Registration Dist. No.2509 Division of Vital Statistics Registrar's No. 3 2 State of South **Comment:** State F4-90-011517 -State Board of Health Joseph W. Bellamy was the uth Carolina 1. PLACE OF DEATH: (a) County (b) City or town (If outside city or town) (c) Name of hospital or institution: son of Daniel Bellamy and (a) State A (b) County HOFF 4 (c) City or town (if outside city or town limits, write RURAL) Abigail Bellamy. He married (fi not in hospital or institution, write street numb (d) Length of stay: In hospital or institutio (d) Street No. Star Rt # 3 B6 x 5, the daughter (Nancy McCray) w long in U.S. A.?... of Cato McCray (b. circa 3. (a) FULL NAME Joseph W. Bellany 3. (b) If veteran, 3. (c) Social Security MEDICAL CERTIFICATION 20. Date of death: Month day year 19 V9 hour of minute 21. I hereby certify that I attended the deceased fro 19 to 12 to 14 t 1850) and Lillian Bellamy (b. circa 1850). See family trees 5. Color or race Color of divorced STAR ALSO 4. SeMale in Figures 3.3, 3.4, and 3.5. 6. (b) Name of husband or wife Mrs Nancy Bellamy 7. Birth date of deceased (Month 6. (c) Age of husband or wife if and that death occurred on the date and hour state Immediate cause of death. e e (Month) Known | hr. min | State or foreign country) | hr. min | hr. mi Note: Abigail was born into slavery, so a maiden name was almost impossible to determine in the post slavery era d) Did injur



Figure B.7 Certificate of Death for Joseph W. Bellamy.

Gallery B. Progenitor: Daniel Bellamy, b circa 1820-Abigail Bellamy, b. circa 1840 d. 1918, cont.

Comment:

All of us should remember the suffering Abigail Bellamy and her family endured at the hands of their slave owner. With the help and blessings of God, the family will continue to honor Abigail's memory by living productive and wholesome lives.

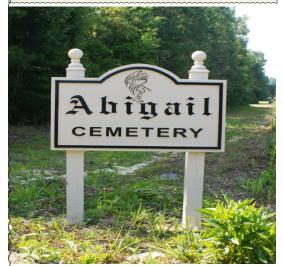


Figure B.8 Longs (Horry County), South Carolina.

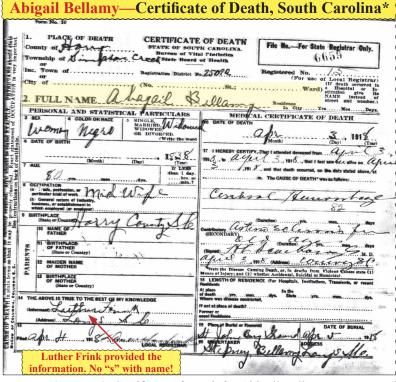


Figure B.9 Certificate of Death for Abigail Bellamy.

Abigail Bellamy—Headstone of Abigail Cemetery, Longs South Carolina)



^{*}See Figures 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6.

An enlarged copy of Abigail Bellamy's Headstone.



Gallery C

Progenitor

Frank Frinks, b. circa 1850-Mary Williams Frink, b. circa 1850



1820–1940 North Williams Township (Columbus County), North Carolina Simpson Creek Township—Longs (Horry County), South Carolina

Frank Frink	c a	nd	N	lar	y Frink-	—18	80	US Federal (Cen	sus—Si	mpson	Creek, So	uth Car	olina
er Benjama He					188			ates Federal Census for Fra ina > Columbus > Williams >		ink				
Mane Name	Race	Sex	Age	Birth Month	Relationship	Single Married Widow/D	ed C	Occupation	Months Unemplo	Sick	Blind Deaf and Idiotic Insane	AttendCannoCannot	Birthplace	Birthplace of Father
France Frank 1	B	m	30			1		Laboren				11	nle	nle
~ many .	B	7	30		Mife	1		Ruping House				11	716	76
- Smuty & e	B	7	6		Daughter	1						1	ne	nle
- Althy &	B	7	4		Daughten	1						1	76	nlo
- Loly 6 * 1	B	7	6/2	now	Daughen	1						14	716	26

Figure C.1 The 1880 US Federal Census with Frank Frink and Mary Williams Frink.

											or Frank Frink		
Dencan Jelie B For	Relation to Head	Race	Sex	Birth Month	Birth Year	AGA	Marita Status				Birthnlace	Father's Birthplace	Mother's Birthplace
Fries Franko	Head OC	B	m	Jace	1845	55	m	24			Moret Coroluia	north proluis	novet Corollia
many	wife	3	y	Feb	1844	56	m	24	7	7	nort brownia	northerous	north Coroline
- Achen	Doughter	13	7	Apr	1878	22	5				novetboroluia	nort Corolicio	nort Corolu
Ella*	Doughter	73	7	mor	1879	21	5				nosektersolvier	noset Coroliia	novehboroen
Pins	Son .	B	m	Apr	1881	19	S				month Corolina	north Corolina	north Carollia
Morn	Doughler	13	7	Fels	1885	15	J				novet Corollia	nonet Coroliia	north Corolin
John 6	Sin	13	m	mor	1883	17	8					north Corolina	
Luther r	Son	13	m	Jon	1888	12	5				nost Corolina	north Coroleia	north Corolina

Figure C.2 The 1890 US Federal Census with Frank Frink and Mary Williams Frink.

Luther Frink and Mi	ssouri Fri	nk-	—193	$\widetilde{0}$ L	JS I	red	lera	l C	ens	us-	–Si	mp	son Creek, So	uth Carolina
Which we			States Fede											
Name	Relation	Home Owned	Home Value	Radio	Farm	Sex	Race	Age		4	Attended School		Birthplace	Father Birthplace
Frinte, Guther	Heart	Ø		-	400	14	Heg	18	m	18	ho	ko	north Corneins	Horth Constinu
- Massouri.	wiferH		a militaria mangingany	1	X	1	neg	38	m	18	110	Jev	north Coroling	north Cornei
- Troub	done		ammona	1000	1	14	May	20	3	optics.	No	20	north Gerolia	north Corner.
- Sae U.	son	-	alarman de la companya de la company	-	Y	24	nig	13	8	in mi	yes	yes	South Canolina	north leorolie
- Lan Re	Non	100	nanyok-kantalaminen	oneste.	¥	14	rug	10	6	(Ferre)	14	ne	South Cambina	Toth Gorocal
- Philips	sou		1578000000000000000000000000000000000000	raher	X	74	rig	8	8		yes	April 1884	South Caroling	north learnes
- Colice	you	resetta		-	X	211	Tus	6	8	-	20		Partle Constinue	Worth Correct
Cobetha	Vaughter				X	2	Hig	40	8		40		South Caroling	north Gerolin
· Carrie R	Daughter	****	: Lesfuyéigra Li		×	7	mg	27	8		20	. 641.12-	South Canalino	north terrolis

Figure C.3 The 1930 US Federal Census with Luther Frink and Missouri Bellamy Frink.



^{*}Loly Ella Frink: The name Loly and Ella is the same person.

Luther Frink—Selective Service Draft

Gallery C. Progenitor: Frank Frink, b. circa 1850-Mary Williams Frink, b. circa 1850, cont.

	~~~~~~~~		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Luther Frink—The	1930 US I	Fede	ral Census
Note: The surname	Frink is s	pelle	d with the
historical spelling.			
spening.			
	Luth	ner	Frink
in the			ates Federal Census
Name:	Luther Frink		
Birth Year:	abt 1892		
Gender:	Male		
Race:	Black		
Age in 1930:	38		
Birthplace:	North Caroli	na	
Marital Status:	Married		*
Relation to Head of House:	Head		
Home in 1930:	Simpson Cre	ek, Ho	orry, South Carolina,
Map of Home:	Simpson Cre Carolina	ek, Ho	orry, South
Street Address:	Conway and	Pirew	ay Road
Dwelling Number:	19		
Family Number:	19		
Home Owned or Rented:	Owned		
Radio Set:	No		
Lives on Farm:	Yes		
Age at First Marriage:	18		92
Attended School:	No		
Able to Read and Write:	No		
Father's Birthplace:	North Caroli	na	
Mother's Birthplace:	North Caroli		
Able to Speak English:	Yes		
	Farmer		*
Occupation:	- 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100		
Industry:	General farm		
Class of Worker:	Employer		
Employment:	Yes		
Household Members	Ag		Relationship
Luther Frink	38		Head
Missouri Frink	38		Wife
Frank Frink Joe D Frink	13		Son
Lee R Frink	10		Son
Philips Frink	8		Son
Cobell Frink	6		Son
Cobetha Frink	4		Daughter
Carrie L Frink	2		Daughter

Figure C.4 Summary of Luther Frink 1930 US Federal Census

	= 933 REGISTRATION CARD No. 7
1	177 Martin Luther Frink 30
2	Home address (No.) (Normet) Longe & C
3	Date of Sirth March 10 1887
4	Are you (1) a natural-horn citizen, (2) a naturalized citizen, (3) an alien, (4) or hore you declared
5	Where were Columbing B. M.C.
6	(Town) (Riate) (Nation)
7	If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject?  What is your present  What is your present  Turner  T
8	By whom employed?
	Where employed?  Have you a father, mother, wife, child under 12, or a sister or brother under 12, sololy depandent on you
9	support (specify which)? If Children 112002 12
10	Married or single (which)? Mart 1108 Race (specify which)? Magno
11	What military service have you had? Rank
12	Jean : Nation or State Do you claim exemption Trea dialt (apectly grounds)? (If is Cheldren de Bandaton
_	most.
,	
5	39-1-20, Aregistrar's REPORT
	39-1-20, AREGISTRAR'S REPORT  Tall, modium, or should (which)? Alexedee.  Sender, medium, or should (which)? Alexedee.
1	39-1-20, PREGISTRAR'S REPORT  TAIL medium, or short (specify shick)? Medicing. Stender, modium, or short (specify)? Blessede.  Calor of 1991: Democrat. Calor of bars. Lefter the. Babl: 122.
3	39-1-20, PREGISTRAR'S REPORT  TAIL medium, or short (specify shick)? Medicing. Stender, modium, or short (specify)? Blessede.  Calor of 1991: Democrat. Calor of bars. Lefter the. Babl: 122.
3	39-1-20, PREGISTRAR'S REPORT  TAIL medium, or shall in the state of th
3	Tall, medium, or Medicit. Stender, medium, or stood (which)? Medicity. Stender, or stood (which)? Medicity. Medicity. Stender, or stood (which)? Medicity. Medicity. Stender, or stood (which)? Medicity.
3	Till, medium, or short (specify thich): Miller Streder, medium, or stort (which): Miller Streder, medium, or stort (which): Alexade  Cater of eyes: Destroy: Cater of hear: Affection Bake: Destroy:  Has prive lest arm, log, hand, feet, or both  gras, or is he schowine dashbed (specify):  1 certify that my answers are true, that the person registered has read his or aswers, that I have witnessed his algunature, and that all of his answers of which I he  wouldge are true, except as follows:  Afficiant Lawre (Squature of requires)  J. Straum. Lawre (Squature of requires)

**Figure C.5** Luther Frink Selective Service Draft Card—WWI



Frank Frink—The 1880 US Federal Census in Williams (Columbus County), North Carolina. His son Luther was not born yet. He was born

after 1880. Note: The surname Frink is spelled with the historical spelling without "s" on the end of the name.

#### **Frank Frink**

#### in the 1880 United States Federal Census

Name: Frank Frink

Age: 30

Birth Date: Abt 1850

Birthplace: North Carolina

Home in 1880: Williams, Columbus, North Carolina, USA

Dwelling Number: 193

Race: Black

Gender: Male

Relation to Head of House: Self (Head)

Marital Status: Married

Spouse's Name: Mary Frink

Father's Birthplace: North Carolina

Mother's Birthplace: North Carolina

Occupation: Laborer

Cannot Read: Yes

Cannot Write: Yes

Neighbors: View others on page

Household Members	Age	Relationship	
Frank Frink	30	Self (Head)	
Mary Frink	30	Wife	
Smithy L. Frink	6	Daughter	
Athy L. Frink	4	Daughter	
Loly E. Frink	6/12	Daughter	

Figure C.6 The 1880 US Federal Census—Frank Frink.



Frank Frink—The 1900 US Federal Census in Williams (Columbus County), North Carolina. His son Luther was not born yet. He was born after 1880.

Note: The surname Frink is spelled with the historical spelling without "s" at the end of the surname.

#### Frank Frink

#### in the 1900 United States Federal Census

Name: Frank Frink

Age: 55

Birth Date: Jan 1845

Birthplace: North Carolina, USA

Home in 1900: North Williams, Columbus, North Carolina

Sheet Number: 7

Number of Dwelling in Order of Visitation: 148

Family Number: 148

Gender:

Race: Black

Male

Relation to Head of House: Head

Marital Status: Married

Spouse's Name: Mary Frink

Marriage Year: 1876

Years Married: 24

Father's Birthplace: North Carolina, USA

Mother's Birthplace: North Carolina, USA

Occupation: Farmer

Months Not Employed: 0

Can Read: No

Can Write: No

Can Speak English: Yes

House Owned or Rented: Own

Home Free or Mortgaged: F

Farm or House: F

Neighbors: View others on page

Frink 56 Wife Frink 22 Daughter rink 21 Daughter Frink 19 Son	Household Members	Age	Relationship
Frink 22 Daughter rink 21 Daughter Frink 19 Son	Frank Frink	55	Head
rink 21 Daughter Frink 19 Son	Mary Frink	56	Wife
Frink 19 Son	Aeky Frink	22	Daughter
	Ella Frink	21	Daughter
Feigl.	Pink Frink	19	Son
Frink 15 Daugnter	Mary Frink	15	Daughter

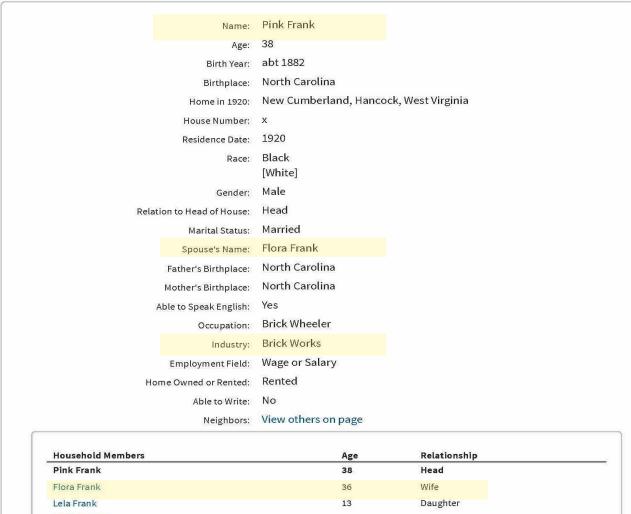
Figure C.7 The 1900 US Federal Census—Frank Frink.



**Pink Frink**—The 1900 US Federal Census in New Cumberland (Hancock County), West Virginia. Pink Frink is the fourth child of Frank and Mary Frink. He was born after 1880; therefore he is not shown his parents 1880 census. Note: Pink could not read

or write; therefore, this could be the cause of the misspelling of his surname that was spelled Frank on most historical documents. spelling without "s" at the end of the surname.

## Pink Frank in the 1920 United States Federal Census



Household MembersAgeRelationshipPink Frank38HeadFlora Frank36WifeLela Frank13DaughterBooker Frank10SonEarle Frank8SonJohnny May Frank7DaughterLeo Frank5SonJay D Frank3SonVictory Frank1Son

**Figure C.8** The 1920 US Federal Census—Pink Frank



Smithy L. Frink—The 1900 US Federal Census in Sterling (Robinson County), North Carolina. Smithy Frinks was one of Frank Frinks' daughters who was working as a servant for a white family (Hardin) when she was about 27 years old. Research has not found any additional information on her whereabouts since

the 1900 US Federal Census. Note: Although the historic spelling of Frink without the "s" persisted through the 1930s, there are early situations where the name was spelled with the "s" as shown below in the transcribed census.

### Smithy L Frinks in the 1900 United States Federal Census

Smithy L Frinks Name: [Smithy S Frinks]

Birth Date: Apr 1873

Birthplace: North Carolina, USA

Home in 1900: Sterling, Robeson, North Carolina

Sheet Number: 13

Number of Dwelling in Order of Visitation:

Family Number:

Race: Black Gender: Female

Servant Relation to Head of House:

Single

Marital Status:

Father's Birthplace: North Carolina, USA Mother's Birthplace: North Carolina, USA

Occupation: Housekeeper

Months Not Employed:

Can Read:

Can Write: Yes

Can Speak English:

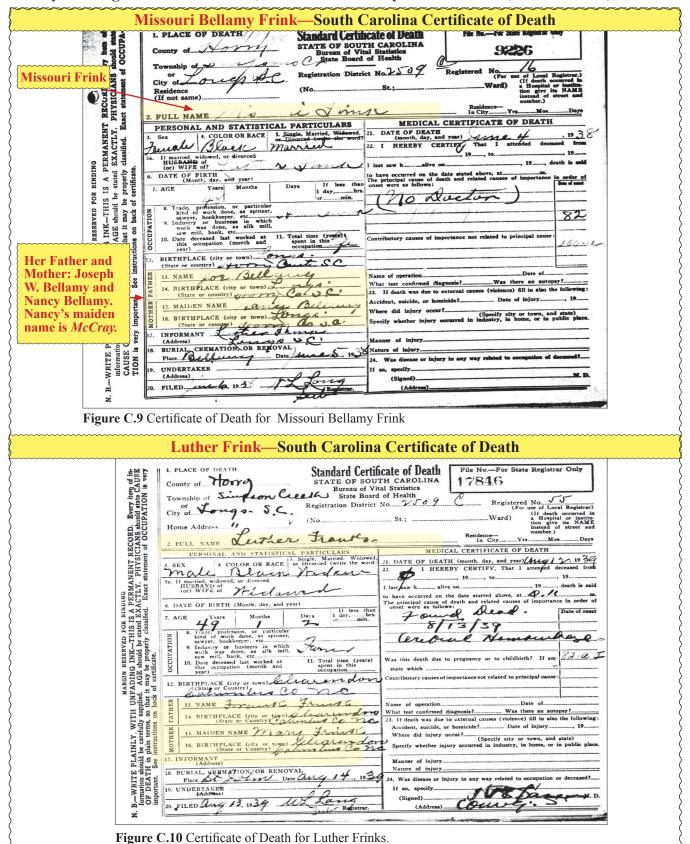
Neighbors: View others on page

Household Members	Age	Relationship	
William W Hardin	36	Head	
Smithy L Frinks	27	Servant	
James H Morgan	28	Lodger	
Ellen O Morgan	28	Lodger	
Harley D Hardin	5	Son	
Leroy F Hardin	2	Son	
Clarence Hardin	7/12	Son	
Minnie M Morgan	5/12	Lodger	

Figure C.9 The 1920 Federal Census—Pink Frank



Gallery C. Progenitor: Frank Frink, b. circa 1850-Mary Williams Frink, b. circa 1850, cont.



Athey Frinks Nealy—The 1918 certificate of deaths is Frank Frinks' daughter Athey. She was married to Joe Nealy and was living in Clarendon, north Carolina at time of her death on April 2, 1918. She is shown in the family tree in Figure 4.2 featured in this book in Chapter 4. Her father is listed as

Frank frink and mother as Mary Williams. This is an excellent verification that her mother's maiden name was Williams

In researching Athey Frink Nealy, all research points to eight children she had with her husband Joseph.

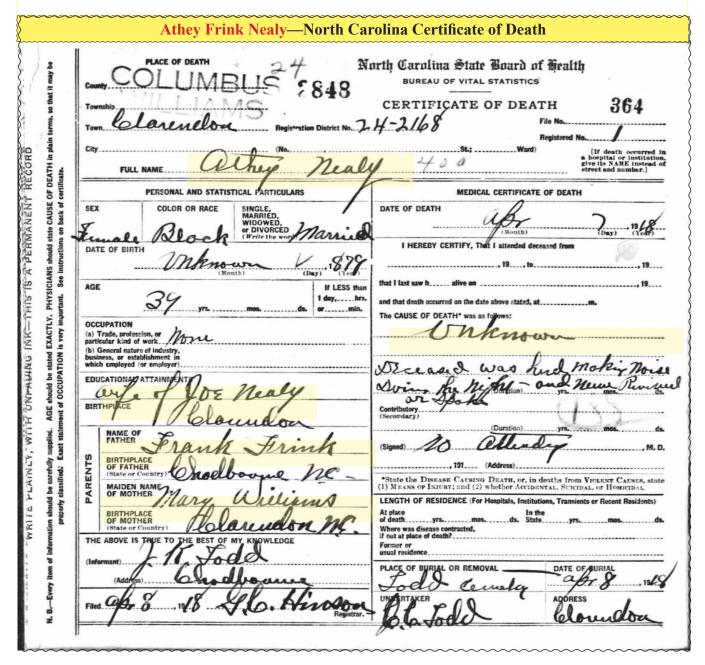


Figure C.11 The 1920 Federal Census—Pink Frank (S/B Frink for the historical spelling).



# **Appendix**

## Methods Used to Determine Degrees of Kinship



#### Appendix A. Description

#### **Determining Degrees of Kinship**

The appendix explains how to determine kinship/cousinship. There are three options on the next few pages. You may find that Option #1 is easier to understand and is perhaps less confusing than is Option #2. Option #3 is a ladder diagram in matrix form (x,y) axes, that is, reading horizontal and vertical, which gives a visual view of kinship, and was developed by the author of this book. However, all three options are valid.

The enclosed cousin chart, known as a table of consanguinity, is helpful in identifying the degree of cousin relationship between two individuals using their most recent common ancestor as the reference point. Cousinship between two individuals can be specifically described in degrees and removes by determining how close, generally, the common ancestor is to each individual.

Additional modifying words are used to clarify the exact degree of relatedness between the two people. Ordinal numbers are used to specify the number of generations between individuals and a common ancestor, and further clarification of exact cousinship is made by specifying the difference in generational level between the two cousins, if any, by using degrees of remove. For example, "first cousins once removed" describes two individuals with the common ancestor being the grandparent of one cousin (one degree) and the great-grandparent of the other cousin. The cousins themselves are one generation different from each other (one remove).

Individuals are not called cousins if there exist any degree of kinship as grandparent, parent, or child relationship. In addition, cousinship is not calculated between individuals if there exist any degree of aunt/uncle and nephew/niece relationship to each other. Basically, this means that if you are someone's nephew/niece, and so on, you cannot be called their cousin (you are not cousins).

#### **Examples:**

- If we share the same parents we are siblings
- If we share grandparents but have different parents we are first cousins
- If we share great grandparents but have different grandparents we are second cousins
- If my grandparents are your great grandparents (or vice versa) we are first cousins once removed



#### Appendix B. Matrix of Kinship

#### **Options One**

#### Use chart below to determine the relationship between you and another relative.

- 1. Determine the common ancestors you and the other person share.
- 2. Starting with your common ancestors in the upper left corner, find your grandparent across the top and note the column.
- 3. Again starting with your common ancestors in the upper left corner, find the other person's nearest ancestor down the left side and note the row.
- 4. Go to the box where your column and their row intersect.

One person's Then other person's	Grandparents	Great- grandparent	Great-great-grandparent	Great ³ - grandparent	Great ⁴ - grandparent	Great⁵- grandparent
Grandparent	1st cousins	1st cousins once removed	1st cousins twice re- moved	1st cousins three times removed	1st cousins four times removed	1st cousins five times removed
Great-grandparent	1st cousins once removed	2nd cousins	2nd cousins once removed	2nd cousins two times removed	2nd cousins two times removed	2nd cousins four times removed
Great-great-grandparent	1st cousins two times removed	2nd cousins once removed	3rd cousins	3rd cousins once removed	3rd cousins two times removed	3rd cousins thrice removed
Great ³ -grandparent	1st cousins three removed	2nd cousins two times removed	3rd cousins once removed	4th cousins	4th cousins once removed	4th cousins twice removed
Great ⁴ - grandparent	1st cousins four times removed	2nd cousins three times removed	3rd cousins two times removed	4th cousins once removed	5th cousins	5th cousins once removed
Great ⁵ - grandparent	1st cousins five times removed	2nd cousins four times removed	3rd cousins three times removed	4th cousins two times removed	5th cousins once removed	6th cousins

Figure A.B1 Matrix of Cousinship Matrix.

**Note:** The shaded boxes indicate a symmetric relationship between relatives.



#### Appendix C. Flowchart of Kinship

#### Option Two

#### Parents, grandparents, uncles, aunts and cousins flow chart

Example: An individual with whom you share a grandparent (but not a parent) is a first cousin; someone with whom you share a great-grandparent (but not a grandparent) is a second cousin; and someone with whom you share a great-great-grandparent (but not a great-grandparent) is a third cousin; and so on. The child of your first cousin is your first

cousin once removed because the one generation separating you and the child (the cousin) represents one remove. You and the child are still considered first cousins, as your own grandparent (this child's great-grandparent), as the most recent common ancestor, represents one degree

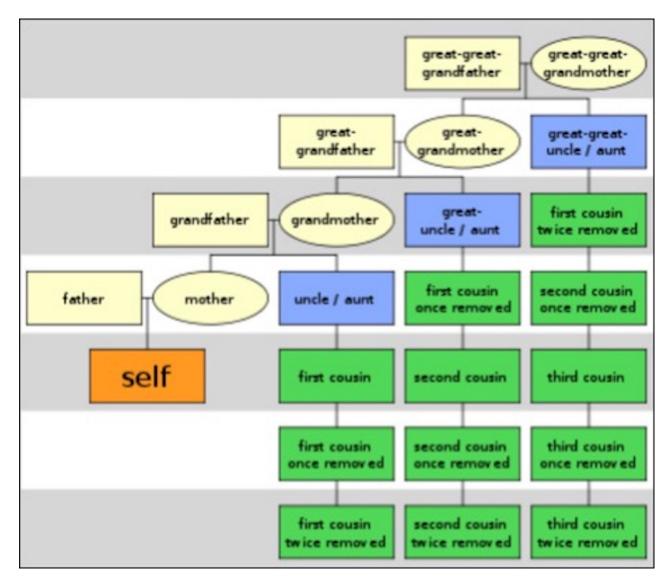


Figure A.C1 Flowchart of uncles, aunts, and cousins kinship



## Appendix D. Ladder Diagram to Determine Kinship Option Three

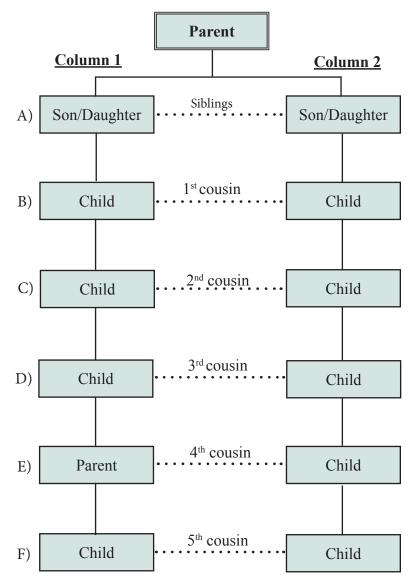
#### Ladder Diagram to Determine Cousins, Nephews/Nieces, Uncles/Aunts Degrees of Kinship

#### Symmetric kinship

**Examples** 

- The pair in (A) is siblings.
- The pair in (B) is first cousins.
- The pair in (C) is second cousins.
- The pair in (D) is third cousins.
- The pair in (E) is fourth cousins.
- The pair in (F) is fifth cousins.
- Non-symmetric kinship
- The person in (1A) is the uncle or aunt of the child in (2B).
- The child in (2B) is the niece or nephew the person in (1A).
- The child in (1B) is first cousins once removed to child in (2C).
- The child in (2C) is first cousin once removed to child in (1B).
- The child in (1B) is first cousin twice removed to child in (2D).
- The child in (2D) is first cousin twice removed to child in (1B).
- The person in (1A) is the great uncle/ aunt to child in (2D).
- The child in (2D) is the great niece/nephew to child in (1A).

Figure A.D1 Ladder diagram to determine cousinship.





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